

THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN

Fine Quality Job Printing.

Devoted to The Interests of All The People of Ohio County.

Subscription \$1.50 per Year.

VOL. XXXIV

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1921.

NUMBER 12

CANDIDATES FILE A REPORT OF EXPENSES

Livery, Printing And Eats Principal Items In The Various Reports

In compliance with the state primary election law, the candidates, those nominated as well as those defeated, have filed with the Sheriff and the County Court Clerk a list of expense incurred in making the canvass.

The amount expended by no candidate was large enough to invite criticism, and all the expense incurred was for legitimate purposes. The total expense of each candidate and the purpose for which it was expended is submitted.

James A. Tate, livery \$200, train fare \$12, hotel bills and gasoline for car \$18 and miscellaneous \$20. Total \$250.

Winson Smith, livery \$30.

I. S. Mason, livery and hotel bills \$30.

Butler Rhoads, livery \$36, board \$6. Total \$42.

Worth Tichenor, railroad fare \$5, hotel bills \$5, printing \$15 and livery \$60. Total \$85.

Cleora Crowder, educational ballots \$3.25, livery \$88, transportation of voters \$226 and services of others \$20. Total \$337.25.

Otto Martin, nothing—no opposition.

Mack Cook, livery \$163, printing \$5. Total \$168.

S. A. Lee, hotel and livery expense \$11.75, railroad fare \$3.25. Total \$15.

R. R. Wedding, livery \$8, hotel bills \$2.50. Total \$10.50.

Charlie Smith, machine hire \$35, gas \$6, meals \$20, cards \$8 and educational ballots \$3.75. Total \$72.75.

W. H. Baize, livery \$35, cards \$3.75, hotel bills \$12.50, ballots \$6. Total \$57.25.

Roy Keown, nothing—no opposition.

M. F. Chumley, printing \$12.50, cards \$34, ballots \$3.25, livery \$127, train fare \$75, miscellaneous \$60. Total \$311.75.

Ed Barrass, printing \$17, cards, livery etc., \$15. Total \$32.

G. A. Ralph, train fare \$12.50, meals \$20, livery \$510. Total \$542.50.

W. S. Dean, railroad fare \$6.80, hotel bills, \$10.85, livery \$65.

Nathaniel Hudson, livery \$10, cards \$8. Total \$18.

T. H. Black, printing, livery and hotel bills, \$10.85, livery \$65. Total \$76.50.

C. P. Keown, nothing.

Charlie Carden, Paul Murphy work \$20, hotel bills \$15.25; gas and oil \$40, livery \$246. Total \$321.25.

Ernest Birkhead, printing \$11, train fare \$10, hotel bills \$8.50, livery \$98. Total \$127.50.

The livery bills of a number of candidates included charges for vehicles for transporting voters to the polls primary day.

The smallest expense account filed was that of Johnson Stewart, whose total expense was only 93 cents.

STUDENTS LEAVING TO ENTER U. OF K.

The following students will leave this week to enter the University of Kentucky at Lexington: Miss Martha Pate, Messrs. Powell Tichenor, John Allen Wilson, Byron Williams, Glenn Tinsley and Elijah Thomas, of Hartford; William Maddox of McHenry; Birkhead Barnes and Marshall Barnes of Beaver Dam.

Mr. Howard Glenn a former resident of Hartford but now of Terre Haute, Ind., is also re-entering the University this fall. This will be his last year.

DEMOCRAT CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR DEFENDS CONDUCT

If not guilty of reprehensible conduct, Overton Harris, Democratic nominee for mayor of Louisville is the victim of the foulest police plot in the history of that city.

Citizens of the byways in the vicinity of the city have been outraged by automobiles parking in their neighborhood, turning off their lights and remaining for indefinite periods at night. On complaint of such citi-

zens Chief of Police Petty had ordered his men to break up the practice.

Sunday night two police officers, according to their story, found such a machine on an abandoned road near the city and ordered the occupants, a man and a woman, to turn on their lights and move on. The officers took the number of the car and, calling up police headquarters were informed the number was that of the machine of Overton Harris, Democratic candidate for mayor. The story appeared in the Louisville Herald the following day. Late in the afternoon Mr. Harris accompanied by a lawyer and a stenographer, appeared before Chief Petty at his office, where Mr. Harris made a statement admitting the car in question was his but denying that his car at the time was standing or that he was on an unused road. He admitted his tail light and one of his headlights were out and that the officers stopped him with directions to turn on his lights. He said he with a lady friend had taken dinner in the country and were returning to the city about 10:30 o'clock.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

After Mr. Harris had made his statement the two officers who were present, were called on for a statement and reiterated in detail the story appearing in the Herald. Following which Mr. Harris issued a public statement confirming the one made in the presence of chief Petty, and said the public must judge between his statement and that made by the two officers. Mr. Harris did not give the name of his lady companion nor the name of the friends with whom he alleged he had dinner.

OHIO COUNTY FAIR RUNNING SMOOTHLY

First Day Attendance Is Large And Attractions Are Numerous.

The Morgantown band playing on the Riley corner Thursday morning at 9:00 o'clock announced the opening of the Ohio County Fair, and noon found a good crowd on the grounds. The weather was ideal, the track in fine shape and altogether the opening was an auspicious one.

One of the disappointments of the day was the failure of the expected aeroplane to appear on the grounds, though it was not the fault of the management. Manager Beah had contracted with an aviator for his appearance, but late Wednesday afternoon the aeronaut wired the Manager demanding an extra sum for his services, which was prohibitive.

The racing rings are all filled and fine sport will reward the fair visitors. Running, trotting, pacing and show horses in good number are on the grounds.

Concessionaires are on the ground in large number and, while no skin games or vulgar shows are permitted, a variety of amusement is being provided. The county fair is an age-old institution for the reunion of old friends and affording opportunity to make new ones, and it is almost a duty, as well as a pleasure, for the people to give it a liberal patronage.

SON GOES TO JAIL TO GET HIS FATHER OUT

In story and song and sometimes in real life men have volunteered to undergo punishment decreed by law to their friends, but these fine exhibitions of human generosity, when actualities, have occurred in distant communities and under stress of circumstances, but a marked case of a son's sacrifice for his father occurred right here in Ohio county Wednesday.

Sometime ago Roy Hines of near Olaton, was arrested and put under bond on a charge of disorderly conduct. The young man gave bond and was allowed his liberty. Recently the young man's father, Tom Hines, was arrested and lodged in jail on a charge of bootlegging. It seems that father and son were unable to enlist the assistance of but a single bondsman and the court, willing to accept the surety for one, was unwilling to accept him for the two.

Confronted with this dilemma, young Hines brought his bondsman to Hartford, went to jail himself to release the surety to sign the bond of his father, who was then released from prison. No similar case is of record in the courts of the county.

JUDGE COOK TIES KNOT

A very youthful couple was launched on the matrimonial sea in the office of the county judge Monday morning. Judge Cook did the official launching, in one of his brief, snappy forms that dismisses the candidates before the bride has time to blush. The couple were Miss Bernice Burden and Mr. Willie Calloway both of McHenry. The bride is fifteen and the groom twenty.

KIRKS GIVE 500 PARTY

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Kirk entertained with a delightful 500 party at their home on Union street, Wednesday evening, in honor of their house guest, Miss Reuby Wilcox of Morganfield.

After several progressive games were played a delicious salad luncheon was served. The members of the party were: Misses Reuby Wilcox, Kathleen Turner, Winnie D. Simmerman; Mesdames E. E. Birkhead, Z. H. Shultz, Darrel Sullenger; Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Wooten, Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Riley; Messrs. James Glenn, Curtis Maples, Paul Sisk, Roy Barnhill and Harold Holbrook.

EXECUTIVE BOARD NOTICE

All members of the Executive Board of the Ohio County Baptist Association are requested to be present at a call meeting for organization on September 20, 1921, at 10 a. m., at Hartford, Ky.

RUSSELL WALKER.

CIRCUIT COURT TERM BEGINS NEXT MONDAY

Good Sized Civil Docket And Number Of Criminal Prosecutions Are Set For Hearing.

The September term of the Ohio circuit court will open the third Monday. A rather full civil docket is set for hearing and a number of criminal prosecutions have been made special for the term.

Criminal prosecutions set for trial the 7th day of the term are:

Comth. vs. Clarence Aull, Injuring property; Comth. vs. same, deserting infant child; Comth. vs. Roy Hines, 8 cases, Selling liquor; Comth. vs. Walden Baize, two cases, Selling liquor; Comth. vs. Lewis Carmickle, two cases, Selling liquor; Comth. vs. Thomas Faught, Operating distillery; Comth. vs. Roy Ensor, Selling liquor.

Petit Jurors.

Martin Porter, G. M. Burdette, Lonnie Cook, Ernest Morris, Frank Maple, Sam Davidson, Jeff Curtis, T. E. Cooper, Dudley Plummer, Sherman Coleman, Luther Liles, J. G. Davis, R. E. Eudaley, E. R. Williams, John A. Raymond, W. P. Midkiff, W. A. Lloyd, James C. Bennett, Sr., D. J. Sneddon, Dyer Davis, J. S. Bennett, James H. Robertson, W. P. Brown, Ernie Curtis, Presley Brown, A. C. Acton, L. C. Hoover, Jr., Wm. Lake, J. J. Keown, Charles Smith, Will Neal, J. B. Tappan, John F. Coleman, Thad Barnard, Elbert Carden, Birdie Hammond.

New Suits Filed.</

EUROPEAN FINANCE IS PUZZLING STATESMEN

Repudiation Of Enormous War Debt Is Said To Be Grave Possibility.

The debt-burdened nations of Europe have come out of the war facing the unpleasant choice between confiscation on the one hand and payment in depreciated currency on the other. Neither prospect is pleasant, we read in the Straus Investors Magazine, "especially since the latter amounts to partial repudiation." But the writer in this financial publication thinks that confiscation is the greater of the two evils and hopes that Germany will be the only nation forced to resort to it. For, he declares, the threat of confiscation of private wealth is second only to the threat of war itself in demoralizing business men generally and discouraging "those whose practice of thrift and industry and whose efforts must be depended upon to keep the economic machine in motion." Today, we read:

"This specter of confiscation is no longer merely a threat but is in Germany an actual fact. The Cabinet which put its signature to the Reparations Agreement has determined upon a policy which amounts to a levy of 20% upon private capital. In the case of capital invested in business concerns—commercial and industrial enterprise, including banks—the state will claim a mortgage amounting to a 20% participation in the invested capital of the corporation or business. These mortgages will be sold by the state in foreign countries as part of the reparations payments. In the case of real estate, each property will be assessed at pre-war value, and this valuation will be converted into the present standard of paper marks at the rate of one gold mark to fifteen paper marks. The resultant capitalization will be taken as the basis for a 20% mortgage against the property, which will be held by the state.

This proposal, however it may be camouflaged by the present Cabinet in terms of 'participation mortgages,' represents in effect an actual confiscation of private property.

The fact that this was absolutely necessary for Germany in order to meet her reparations payments does not make it any easier for German business men, nor is it particularly reassuring to other European countries which face a financial problem almost as hard as Germany's. In fact, the question of state confiscation is receiving a great deal of serious thought in Europe and is regarded—even in England—as at least a present possibility. English financial periodicals contain considerable comment on the question."

But however much he dislikes the idea of confiscation, the writer finds it "hard to see how the nations are going to pay their enormous debts by any other means."

"Germany, of course, is in the worst condition. She has already resorted to the capital levy. Of the great powers, France probably comes next to Germany in the matter of a load of debt which seems impossible to meet. The total French debt, at present, is said to be nearly \$50,000,000,000 counting francs at the normal rate of exchange. From this may be subtracted whatever amounts France can secure from Germany on the indemnity and reparations payments. At the most, however the amount which Germany will pay to France on the sliding reparations scale, will amount to between 6 and 15 billion dollars. It is probable that, even allowing for the best France can expect from Germany, her debt will remain in the neighborhood of \$40,000,000,000. To pay interest on this, \$2,000,000,000 a year will be required. France cannot raise \$2,000,000,000 a year for this purpose by her present methods of taxation. Her total national income is at present not much more than \$10,000,000,000 a year. France is not now even attempting to pay the interest on her entire debt and is meeting current obligations by further borrowings, of which \$100,000,000 has recently been floated in this country. In view of these hard facts, it is difficult to see how France can pay the enormous debt which she owes without resorting to some form of confiscation of private wealth.

"The condition of Italy is perhaps somewhat more favorable than that of France, but her requirements for interest payments on her debt are about \$1,000,000,000 a year. Italy is not so strong economically as France and her national income is much smaller. It is very hard to see how Italy can keep up her interest payments under any system of taxation now in use—without even con-

sidering the payment of the principal."

From the dangerous Charybdis of confiscation the writer we are quoting turns to the no less formidable Scylla of repudiation, between which the financial helmsmen of Europe are finding it so difficult to steer. He says:

"One very significant fact which appears in connection with the German Reparation Agreement may perhaps be found, in the final analysis, to give the solution to this whole problem. In arranging the reparations payments, the Allies fixed what they called a 'gold mark.' This 'gold mark' is an arbitrary unit of value roughly equivalent to a gold mark before the war, and fixed at a value equal to 15 paper marks of the present currency of Germany.

"In other words, for the purposes of foreign payments and foreign trade the value of the mark will be stabilized at an arbitrary figure—fifteen times the value of a mark within the boundaries of Germany.

"The governments of other European nations could very easily do the same thing. They could establish gold francs or gold lire for the purposes of foreign trade, customs duties, etc. They could then fix an arbitrary rate of exchange between this gold unit and the domestic paper money circulating within the country, just as the gold mark is fixed at fifteen paper marks. In this way, without repudiating their foreign debts or being at a disadvantage in foreign trade because of depreciated currency, they could repay their own people in money of depreciated value. This, in effect, would amount to the same thing as a repudiation of a certain proportion of the domestic national debt, and would amount to a levy on the private capital of those holding government securities.

"This, of course, would be unfair and particularly unjust to those who invested in government bonds before and during the war, but many economists believe that some such arrangement must be resorted to in order to enable these countries to meet their interest payments and the principal of their debts. They are faced with the dilemma of two evils and must choose the lesser of the two."

Even with the present depreciation of European currencies the debts do not seem so large when expressed in terms of the depreciated currency at the present rate of exchange. For instance, the debt of France which we have referred to above as being \$50,000,000,000, is of course not 50,000,000,000 in dollars, but 250,000,000,000 francs. At the present rate of exchange 250,000,000,000 francs is only about \$21,000,000,000—more than cutting the debt in half. If the French debt is paid back in terms of this depreciated currency the payments will not be nearly so hard to meet.

Of course, it is not the present expectation of European governments to allow this extraordinary depreciation of their currency to stand indefinitely, but it might be possible for them to overcome the disadvantages in their foreign trade of such depreciation by means of such devices as the "gold mark" which we have described above. And the conclusion cannot be avoided that it would be to their advantage in paying off their large debts, if this depreciation should remain uncorrected.

FEAR EXTINCTION OF NORTHWEST INDIANS

Edmonton, Alta., Sept. 13.—Indians in the Near North are in danger of becoming an extinct species unless measures are taken by the province to safeguard them against contagious diseases, Dr. W. W. Bell, health inspector, declares in a report made public today following a trip thru the Wabaskawa district.

Dr. Bell urged regulations prohibiting overcrowding in one-room tepees in which two or more families frequently are found, and urged that a detachment of mounted police be stationed in the district to enforce this and other health regulations.

He also attacked the government ration issue, declaring it had done much to degrade the Indians. Many of them, he asserted, use the rations only as stakes in gambling for prunes and raisins which they use to brew "hootch."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Wm. D. Gifford

ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED NOW BEING REDUCED

Resumption Of Work In All Lines Is Giving Hope To Idle Men.

Washington, Sept. 10.—For the first time since the beginning of the industrial crisis, the Government is taking a census of the unemployed. That census covers the men actually out of work through no fault of their own in every city of more than twenty-five thousand inhabitants—231 cities in all.

It will be completed Wednesday, passed on to the President and used in the forthcoming conference on unemployment. Reports from many industries already are at hand. They show:

1.—That business is coming back more rapidly than even optimists thought it would.

2.—That unemployment is decidedly on the wane; that a steady trend back to work in factories, mills and mines is general.

3.—That labor has liquidated largely its wartime wage excess and that few more material cuts are in immediate prospect.

4.—That the recent estimate by James J. Davis, Secretary of Labor, of more than five million as the size of the army of the unemployed understated the case, but that the swing back to a general business revival has resulted in hundreds of thousands of that army returning to the payrolls during the past month.

5.—That in almost every city of the country nine business men out of every ten have quit talking about hard times and are feeling the first effects of returning prosperity.

6.—That buying orders for almost everything the people of the country usually purchase are beginning to seep over the barriers of the buyer's strike and that the full force of the buying movement is expected soon.

Department Heads Pleased.

Labor officials making the survey are cheered by the prospects. They have figures in hand which will show that the number of unemployed will reach into the millions and hence do not minimize the unhappiness of the present; but they also have figures showing that the numbers are diminishing fast with indications that they will diminish still faster in the next thirty days.

Surface indications of the revival during the week include a sensational rise in the price of cotton; a marked increase in production of iron, steel and coal, an apparent solution of some of the difficulties of the oil industry; a bullish stock market; a new high mark for the year in railroad income and a further strengthening of the credit situation.

The nationwide census of the idle is a new thing. Heretofore the Labor Department has issued a monthly survey of employment showing the number of men employed on the last day of each month at 1,428 identical plants throughout the country. No attempt was made to collect figures showing the number of men idle. Various communities, however notably New York City, have compiled their own unemployment surveys.

In New York the number of idle was placed at half a million. The figure is much too high, it is thought at the Labor Department. It contains not only the number of men idle through no fault of their own, but the number of men on strike, obviously different conditions of unemployment. In one case the unemployment is involuntary; in the other optional.

The Government's census, if it can be avoided, is not going to list a single worker out on strike. Its aim is to show only the number of men who are involuntarily idle.

In making the survey, the department's workers have obtained the view of many business men. They have reported that stocks are down to rock bottom. Many firms are not placing sizeable orders, however, on the rising market. Manufacturers, anticipating good business, are adding to their forces moderately. Six months ago the manufacturer with only a few orders would have closed down. Now he is going ahead and sending his salesmen out; and they are sending back orders.

Hat Man's Statement.

The manufacturer of a nationally known brand of men's hats, for instance, said today that he had only enough actual orders on hand to keep his plant going until October 1.

"Will you close down then?" he was asked.

"Oh, no," he replied. "In fact, we are taking on a few more men. We have salesmen out and we know that orders are coming along soon. We will accumulate a stock if we have to, but we are going to keep running."

And that is the new spirit, says



You'll enjoy the sport of rolling 'em with P. A.!

FIRST thing you do next—go get some makin' papers and some Prince Albert tobacco and puff away on a home made cigarette that will hit on all your smoke cylinders!

No use sitting-by and saying maybe you'll cash this hunch tomorrow. Do it while the going's good, for man-o-man, you can't figure out what you're passing by! Such flavor, such coolness, such more-ish-ness—well, the only way to get the words emphatic enough is to go to it and know yourself!

And, besides Prince Albert's delightful flavor, there's its freedom from bite and parch which is cut out by our exclusive patented process! Certainly—you smoke P. A. from sun up till you slip between the sheets without a comeback.

Prince Albert is the tobacco that revolutionized pipe smoking. If you never could smoke a pipe—forget it! You can—AND YOU WILL—if you use Prince Albert for packing! It's a smoke revelation in a jimmy pipe or a cigarette!

Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors and in the pound crystal glass humidors with sponge moistener top.



Copyright 1921 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

PRINCE ALBERT
the national joy smoke

reports to Washington of industry in the United States today.

Despondency.

Sufferers from indigestion are apt to become discouraged and feel that complete recovery is not to be hoped for. No one could make a greater mistake. Hundreds have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Tablets and can now eat anything that they crave. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you have not tried them do so at once.

GREAT VEIN OF GOLD FOUND IN CANADA

The Pas Man., Sept. 13.—Sensational reports reaching here of the gold discovery at Elbow Lake have caused a rush of prospectors to the region.

From surface showings, many believe the largest body of gold ore on the continent has been tapped. The containing dyke has been stripped of overburden for a length of 350 feet and a width of fifty feet without encountering the walls of the vein. The outcropping near the edge of the lake has developed, it is said, into a rich pocket of gold.

The vein is in a greenstone formation, and the mineralization is in porphyry, with quartz stringers. An attractive feature is the evident continuity of free gold the length and width of the dyke, starting from the gold pocket, from which specimens of 50 per cent were taken.

Dan Austin, a prospector, said he stood on the shore of the lake and could see the ore body dipping into the water, showing free gold standing out everywhere. Going over the exposed section of the vein, he claims to have seen free gold in fairly regular quantities from beginning to end.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in Michigan.

Mrs. A. H. Hall, Caseville, Mich., says, "I wish to thank you for your grand, good medicine, Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. We are never without it in the house, and I am sure it saved our baby's life this summer."

Mrs. Mary Carrington, Caseville, Mich., says, "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for years and it has always given prompt relief."

GET A DOZEN

The young housewife, looking very pretty and workmanlike in big, green overalls, was cleaning out the pantry cupboard.

"Dickey," she called to her young husband, "I want you to bring me a mouse-trap home tomorrow."

"But, angel," cried the young man, "I brought you one home only yesterday."

"I know pet," called back the young bride, "but that one has a mouse in it."

A SENSIBLE COMMENTARY OF A WOMAN UPON WOMEN

(By Antoinette Donnelly.)

Now, I want it understood I am not an old-fashioned lady with old-fashioned ideas about young girls. I don't spend my time saying things weren't like that when I was a young thing, because I know quite a number of things would have made my deb and subtle days much happier if they hadn't been as they were.

And I don't think the toddle (as it was invented)—snocking and not fit for nice young girls. I think short skirts are snappy, and if I could stand the ocular test I'd probably wear mine an inch or two higher. I think the style, were never prettier, younger, more hygienic than they are today.

If bobbed hair suits the type, I think it a lot better. If a slight dash of rouge on any lip is the very young face is going to relieve a pale anemic coloring, I'm for it. And I certainly believe a face powdered delicately is much more attractive than a face with shiny, oily skin.

But with all that it takes a more liberal mind and more forgiving heart than mine to appreciate the ways of the daughter of some of our so-called good families.

There is a wave of something—I know not what to call it—sweeping the earth which unquestionably has dragged a lot of our young girls into a maelstrom of daredevilry or sophistication which belongs not to their generation nor to their years nor to any world but the one labeled "underworld."

The pity of the whole thing is that the young women do not know what they are doing. They haven't lived long enough to know the matrimonial market value of virtue and innocence nor the beauty value of it. They cannot know that the impression they give of having accumulated the entire wisdom of the world is the one impression they should never give if they want any one particular man to like them or if they want to be popular with a number of young men friends.

A friend related an incident the other day of a young girl with whom she is associated in business—a smart enough sort of girl as far as her work is concerned. She told my friend of a conversation she had with her beau which fairly bowled the older girl over. The most intimate things were discussed.

"Surely you cannot talk things like that over with a man to whom you are not engaged," my friend asked. "Oh, all the girls do nowadays. Every fellow will tell you that," was the reply.

My friend has a most successful young, unmarried brother about 25. She asked him if there was anything to the charge. Come to find out he knew this particular girl and answered his sister's query:

"She's just a plain blinkety blank fool, that girl. She's not bad, but she's one of these smart guys who

just try to see how far they can go without paying any penalty. The woods are full of them."

The Psychology of Dress.

Of course, it does seem to me that there is but one person to address on the problem of dress and conduct as it is being practiced by so many of the flapper class. She is the mother of the girl.

The mother is the one to blame. She knows human nature. She knows what men say about girls who are immodest in their manner and immodest in their dress. She knows the danger to the girl of going about with perhaps a single garment under her dress, her stockings rolled and her skirt so short as to expose her knees. She knows the girl's responsibility in the matter of dress where another mother's son is involved.

If she doesn't know it, all she has to do is to call in her son and ask him what he thinks of his sister's scant attire. A brother's frankness is evidence enough; there are decent instincts in the male breast that writhe against the woman he loves subjecting herself to criticism.

Modesty Must Be Taught Early.

Of course, the mother doesn't need to wait until her daughter has reached her teens or her early twenties to talk modesty of dress and conduct to her girl. If she begins it in her early days she will not find her daughter over the butt of a coarse joke or an insulting remark. You can ingrain modesty in a child so that it will never be forgotten. But a mother cannot do it by preaching alone. She has to practice it herself. In the topsyturvy turning of today's events it is not an infrequent occurrence to find a daughter trying to lead mother back to the straight and narrow path of dress and conduct.

The pendulum will swing back one of these days and all will be serene and nice along the broad highways—but in the meantime a lot of young girls who mistake the smart and bold for the smart and nice are going to lose out in beauty comparisons, lose out getting nice young men to lead them to altars, and, much to their chagrin, they are going to discover the girls they thought back numbers and old-fashioned are going to be happily esconced in homes and hearts of the better men of that sex to whom woman's art of half-concealment never loses charm.

Just What She Needed

"I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Tablets some time ago and they proved to be just what I needed," writes Mrs. Volta Bankson, Chillicothe, Mo. "They not only relieved me of indigestion but toned up my liver and rid me of backache and dizziness that I had been subject to for some time. They did me a world of good and I will always speak a good word for them."

METHODISTS IN WORLD MEETING

Great Hope For Reunion Of Christendom Is Ex- pressed.

London, Sept. 13.—Great hopes for further steps in the fusion of Methodism throughout the world, and for the ultimate reunion of all Christendom, are expressed by delegates already here for the Methodist Ecumenical Conference to be held from September 6 to 16 in Westminster. British Methodism has still far to go in this respect, although since the meeting of the last Ecumenical in England twenty years ago, one great step toward unity has been taken, when the Methodist Free Church, the Bible Christians and the Methodist New Connexion joined together as the United Methodist Church. Outside of this there are still the Wesleyans, the Primitive Methodists, both important bodies, and other varieties. It is not impossible that this conference may see the fusion of the Wesleyans, Primitives and Uniteds, as negotiations which have been in progress for some time are said to be proceeding satisfactorily.

Unity, in any case, will be a watchword of the conference.

A session is to be devoted to 'Christian Unity' and Sir Robert Parks, Bart., will speak on 'Methodist Union—a National Need.' Sir George Smith, another Wesleyan layman, has promised to give an address on 'The Spiritual Essentials of Unity' and Dr. Scott Lidgett on the 'Reunion of Christendom.'

Reception To Delegates.

One of the biggest social functions is the dinner on September 13 at the Hotel Cecil, when the British delegates entertain the overseas visitors, under the chairmanship of Sir Walter Essex. Over 700 Methodists are expected to be present on this occasion. On the previous day a reception is to be given to the paternal delegates to the conference. Those who have already accepted invitations include the Bishop of Chelmsford, Dr. Clifford, the Rev. R. C. Gillie, M. A., president of the National Free Church Council, and Dr. S. Parke Cadman, minister of the Brooklyn Congregational Church, who was formerly connected with the American Methodists and comes of English Methodist stock. At this reception Mr. Walter Runciman will preside.

Wide Range of Subjects

Subjects selected for discussion cover a wide field. The Rev. F. Fluke Wiseman, B. A., is to introduce the survey of Methodist work throughout the world since the last conference. Dr. T. Davison, another ex-president of the Wesleyan Conference, who has already attended three previous conferences, held at intervals of ten years, is to speak on 'The Present Position and Prospects of Evangelical Religion.' His special subject will be 'The Authority of the Bible.' Under the same heading Dr. A. S. Peake of Manchester, the well-known Primitive Methodist scholar, is to give an address on 'Modern Biblical Criticism.'

Apart from theological and Methodist subjects, Mr. Walter Runciman, who is a lay officer in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, will speak on 'The Church and the Peace of the World.' Sir Walter Essex on 'National Expediency and Idealism,' and Mr. Arthur Henderson, M. P., who is a Wesleyan layman, on the 'Human Needs of Modern Industry.'

The conference will be held in the Central Hall, Westminster, a commodious meeting place opposite Westminster Abbey. The floor of the hall will accommodate the delegates and special visitors, of whom there will be great numbers, and the galleries, seating 1,000 persons, will be open to the public.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

CAMPAIGN TO HELP JOBLESS

The statement of the department of labor that nearly six million people are out of employment in this country has caused quite a shock. This would mean that about one out of every five able-bodied people were not lifting a hand to provide themselves or anyone else a living, and that the other four are having to work that much harder on that account.

But all such statistics have to be

taken with a grain of salt. A lot of people are out of work now because they choose to be; their idea is that it is better not to work at all than to accept any reduction from war time wages. At the meeting of the Federation of Labor Council just held it came out that about 750,000 union members have stopped paying their union dues. Many of the unionists who are still at work are complaining because they are being taxed to help carry on strikes; thus the strikes are a double drain on industry.

But it is likely that a large part of the six million 'unemployed' belong to the class of 'war workers' and are not regularly employed as wage-earners in normal times. In other words they are largely young girls and older people who were drafted from the farms and homes into business positions during the war, at high salaries, and whose services are now being dispensed with for the simple reason that they are not worth what they cost.

President Harding has been making a close study of this whole situation and he proposes to call a special conference to go into the matter. The purpose is to try to enlist capital and labor and see if arrangements cannot be made under which our industries can be resumed more on a normal footing. At present the basic industries are stagnant and business in almost every line is dull.

But there is nevertheless a general feeling of optimism. The federal reserve officials throughout the country report that conditions are steadily improving. The banks are full of money. There is nothing like a panic. There is no starvation or suffering. The crops are beginning to move and though prices will mostly be low a large amount of money is going to be turned loose and distributed. People however are conserving what they have and are buying cautiously; the spending spree is over.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

The Story of Our States

By JONATHAN BRACE
XXV.—ARKANSAS



ARKANSAS was named after the river which flows diagonally through this state and is one of the chief tributaries of the Mississippi. It is said that the early settlers found in this territory, an Indian tribe named Arkansas, but the actual meaning of the word is not known. It probably has some relation to the word Kansas. There has been much confusion as to the correct pronunciation of Arkansas. To remove this as far as possible a resolution was passed by the state senate in 1881 which specified that the true pronunciation was 'Ar-kan-saw.'

Originally Arkansas was a part of the Louisiana Purchase. Its first settlement was made by the French about 1685. Except for the few years during which by secret treaty it was ceded to Spain, it remained under French rule, until purchased by the United States in 1803. For nearly ten years after this, it was a part of Louisiana territory. With the admission of the State of Louisiana in 1812 this northern section was formed into the Missouri territory. In 1819 there was another partition and Arkansas territory was created, which included the present state and what later was called Indian territory.

Due to the reports of an early explorer named Pike, who visited this region in 1806, the incorrect idea was generally accepted that most of the expanse of plains east of the Rockies was a vast desert. This idea persisted to such an extent that as late as 1850 the western plains were called in the school geographies 'The Great American Desert.' Adventurous settlers, especially from the South, found conditions in Arkansas quite otherwise, however, and by 1838 Arkansas was admitted as the twenty-fifth state of the Union with an area of 53,335 square miles.

The natural resources of the state are considerable. There are the mineral springs of medicinal value, which have been placed under governmental control at Hot Springs.

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

SHINNY ON YOUR SIDE U. S. TELLS LEAGUE

No Meddling By League Of Nations On This Side Warns Uncle Sam

Washington, Sept. 12.—The United States is not willing to modify the Monroe Doctrine and concede the right of the League of Nations to interfere in disputes of the Western Hemisphere.

This statement is based on information from the highest authority, flatly contradicting reports from Geneva, where the League yesterday engaged in a heated debate over its right to reopen the Tacna-Arica controversy between Chile and Bolivia in view of the Monroe Doctrine.

Official Washington is puzzled by reports to the effect that the Bolivian delegation made the statement that it had received satisfactory assurances that the United States would not regard the reopening of the Tacna-Arica affair by the League as incompatible with the Monroe Doctrine.

Inquiry will be made to ascertain the exact language of the Bolivian delegations' statement, and when the information is received the States Department may see fit to issue a statement defining the American position on the question of submitting New World disputes to the League which the United States has refused to enter.

It is noted here with satisfaction that some delegates at the League session are pointing to article twenty-one of the League Covenant, which was written in at the last moment in response to demands from the United States for protection of the Monroe Doctrine.

For the league to take up the Tacna-Arica dispute would be to acknowledge the Senate's contention that Article 21 was a mere piece of empty phrase-spinning.

It is expected that considerable political speech-making will go on at the league sessions from time to time, and the American Government has no intention of making a practice of answering officially or unofficially, all the statements that delegates may utter in the heat of debate.

Surgeons agree that in cases of Cuts, Burns, Bruises and Wounds the first treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borozone is the ideal antiseptic and healing agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 30c, 60c and \$1.20. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

STANDING THE ACID TEST

In a government like ours political parties are necessary public agencies for registering the will of the people. Out of such necessity comes the virtue of party loyalty, and the acid test of such loyalty comes with a primary defeat. Defeat at the hands of one's own party is under all circumstances disappointing and, to sensitive persons humiliating. In excusing such a result the victim involuntarily magnifies real or fancied grievances, and requires courage to line up in the front ranks for the defense of his successful opponent.

Following the recent Ohio county primary it is gratifying to Republicans generally, and especially to their friends who are interested in their future to see practically all of the defeated candidates making public pledge through the columns of this paper to loyally support the nominees, and calling upon their friends to do likewise.

That these worthy Republicans may receive full measure of credit for the commendable stand they have taken we reproduce excerpts from their card pledges which have recently appeared in this paper.

I. S. Mason—

The choosing is over, and it is now the duty of every Republican to vote the ticket, not for men. The party is greater than any man.

O. N. Stewart—

I accept the verdict of the people and shall cheerfully enter the trenches, not only for my successful opponent, but for the entire ticket.

V. A. Matthews—

I feel assured that my friends will join me in doing everything in our power for the election of Mr. Black, and the entire Republican ticket.

Mack Cook—

The majority of the voters saw fit to commission another, yet I am the same Republican as before and stand ready and willing to give whatever aid I may be able to render to the entire ticket.

M. F. Chumley—

I am the same sort of Republican I was before I announced for the

nomination for county court clerk, and I have no sore spots to heal. I promise now that I shall put forth my very best effort to help to roll up the biggest Republican majority this fall that has ever been given in Ohio county.

James A. Tate—

While I was defeated by the narrow majority of 36 votes, I am now ready and willing to pledge my whole-hearted support to the entire Republican ticket at the November election.

Roy H. Forman—

The people have expressed their will, and now it is our duty to get behind the nominees and do for them what we should have wanted them to do for us had we been the party's nominees.

Winson Smith—

The will of the people should be the will of all. Defeated? Yes, but not disgruntled. *The will of the people should be the will of all, and I hereby pledge unhesitating support to each of the nominees of the recent primary.

Sep. T. Williams—

I hold no malice toward any one who gave his support to any one of my opponents and, my belief in the Republican party not being measured by personal success, I shall be found doing whatever I can for the ticket's election in November.

M. C. Schroeder—

I want to say that I am profoundly thankful to the nearly 600 voters who expressed themselves for me for county court clerk, and in conclusion I want to urge all of my friends to get behind the entire Republican ticket and help the boys win in November.

J. E. Mitchell—

I accept the will of the majority, and shall freely do all in my power for the success of the entire ticket.

M. A. Embury—

I bow to the mandate of the people. Their will be done. Thanking you again for past favors and hoping for the success of the party in November, I assure you I will be found doing what I can.

Carl M. Taylor—

Although I was defeated I hold no malice against any one who saw fit to support any of my opponents. I am a Republican from principle, and not for office, and I will be found doing all I can for the party's ultimate success.

George P. Jones—

While I failed, I freely bow to the edict of the people and pledge my best effort for the success of the entire Republican ticket in November.

Malen D. Heflin—

The judgment of the majority is supreme and to that decision I cheerfully submit, and now promise my unstinted effort in behalf of each of the nominees of our party, and confidently look forward to the success of the entire ticket at the November election.

Worth Tichenor—

I am perfectly free from malice toward any one who saw fit to support my opponents, and pledge my very best efforts for a big majority for all the nominees at the final election.

John T. King—

I have only the kindest feeling toward all of my opponents. I will be behind every nominee and will do all I can for the success of the Republican party in November.

Barnett L. Tinsley—

I urge all to join for the success of Mr. Hudson whom the majority thought best to honor. I accept the will of the majority and will do all in my power for the success of the entire ticket.

SHE KNEW THE SYMPTOMS

"Madam," announced the new maid, "your husband is lying unconscious in the reception hall with a large box beside him and crushing a paper in his hand."

"Ah," cried the mistress in ecstasy, "my new hat has come!"—Houston Post.

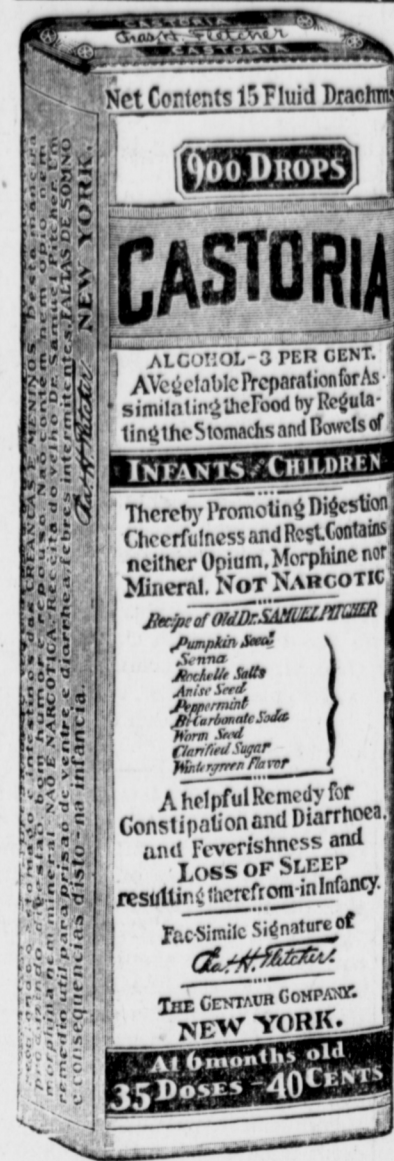
METHODISTS MAY ABBREVIATE THE TITLE OF THEIR CHURCH

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 10.—With the general conference, the supreme authority of the church, less than a year off, Southern Methodists of this section are manifesting much interest in some of the items slated for the agenda of that body, which will meet in Hot Springs, Ark., May, 1922.

One step which is being widely advocated by Methodists through the press and from the pulpit is the change of name from Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Several changes have been suggested, but the name which at the present time seems to be most popular, should there be a change, is 'The Methodist Church.'

A. R. Dudderar of Union Bridge, Md., in writing to the Baltimore Christian Advocate of the proposed change, has this to say in favor of adopting the name 'The Methodist Church.'

"I do not believe a more suitable name can be found, a name that is more significant, one that has any deeper meaning and a more glorious



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature

of
Dr. J. C. Fletcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

A CASH OFFER

The Hartford Republican has made a special clubbing rate with the Memphis Weekly Commercial Appeal by which we will furnish both papers for one year for the low price of

\$1.75

The Commercial Appeal is one of the largest and best papers in the South and we hope to receive many new subscribers on this offer. One dollar and seventy-five cents cash for both papers. Send in your subscription now. Don't delay.

history. The name has the great advantage of brevity. It is interwoven with history and spiritual associations which have been built into the very fiber of the people. As far as the appendix which we have maintained since 1914, is concerned, who has not long since come to the conclusion that it has lost its importance and is, to say the least, superfluous?"

W. C. Everett, head of the Southern Methodist Publishing House at Dallas, Tex., puts himself on record as favoring the name, "The Methodist Church." In a recent issue of a religious weekly he says: "I am in hearty sympathy with the suggestion that we change the name of our church to 'The Methodist Church.' I am in favor of leaving off all the stately, stilted trimmings and simply call it what it is. That simple short name, I believe, would appeal to everyone and make it much easier for us all."

WITH THE FUNNY FOLKS

Greenville Piedmont — Brevity seems to be the soul of style as well as wit.

Farmer Tamson—I've bought a barometer, Mary, ter tell when it's goin' ter rain, ye know.

Mrs. Tamson—To tell when it's goin' ter rain! Why, I niver heerd o' such extravagance. What do ye suppose th' good Lord hez give ye th' rheumatism fer?"—London Ideas.

A preacher, referring to this summer's drouth, told his hearers of a certain deacon who fervently prayed for rain six days and nights. At last the rain came. It fell in torrents, drowned two or his best cows and washed the foundations from under his house.

Afterwards the resentful deacon went about saying that 'he'd a good mind to keep quiet an' jest let Providence run the weather to suit itself.'

"Dickey," said his mother, "when you divided those five caramels with your sister, did you give her three?"

"No, ma. I thought they wouldn't come out even, so I ate one 'fore I

began to divide."—Edinburgh Scotsman.

LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER TO BE DRAWN FROM SUN

The next great achievement of science will be utilization of the sun's rays to provide light, heat and power.

This prediction was made by Dr. Arthur D. Little, Boston, in an address at the international convention of chemists.

According to Dr. Little, the sun alone is worthy of scientific investigation as a source of energy.

He rejected wind, waves and tides. He said he presumed chemistry would play an important part in harnessing solar rays to supplant the dwindling supplies of coal, petroleum and other sources of energy.

Attacking the contention that labor is the great producer of energy, Dr. Little asserted that a few men with brains could apply scientific principles to accomplish what mere muscle could not do.

"Hydraulic devices," he said, "enable one man to operate the locks of the Panama Canal, and the Desert of Sahara, with its 6,000,000 square kilometers of area, receives daily solar energy equivalent to that of 6,000,000,000 tons of coal."

"The world awaits the genius who will convert radiant energy into electric current."

"Since coal must remain for generations our chief energy resource, the line of progress parallels the better utilization of coal."

GLAD TO MEET HER

Visitor (at private hospital): "Can I see Lieutenant Barker, please?"

Matron: "We do not allow ordinary visiting. May I ask if you are a relative?"

Visitor (boldly): "Oh yes, I'm his sister."

Matron: "Well, well, I'm very glad to meet you, I'm his mother."

By the time an immigrant gets accustomed to the climate he begins to worry about the hordes of aliens coming in.—Baltimore Sun.

The Hartford Republican

Published Weekly by
HARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY
Incorporated

W. S. TINSLEY, Editor
and Business Manager.

Entered according to law at the
Postoffice, Hartford, Ky., as mail
matter of the second class.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent
to a new address must give the old
address in making the request.
Business Locals and Notices 10c
per line, and 5c per line for each ad-
ditional insertion.
Obituaries, Resolutions and Cards
of Thanks, 1c per word, and 6c for
each head line and signature, money
in advance.
Church Notices for services free,
but other advertisements, 1c per
word.
Anonymous communications will
receive no attention.

TELEPHONE

Farmers Mutual..... 59

FRIDAY.....SEPTEMBER 16

REPUBLICAN TICKET



For Circuit Judge—
R. W. SLACK
For Commonwealth's Attorney—
CAUDE E. SMITH
For Circuit Court Clerk—
FRANK BLACK
For Representative—
IRA JONES
For County Judge—
R. R. WEDDING
For County Court Clerk—
E. G. BARRASS
For County Attorney—
OTTO C. MARTIN
For Sheriff—
G. A. RALPH
For Tax Commissioner—
ROY KEOWN
For Jailor—
NATHANIEL HUDSON
For Coroner—
W. A. HIMES
For County Surveyor—
C. S. MOXLEY
For J. P. O. C., District No. 1—
J. P. MCCOY
District No. 2—
FELIX SHAVER
District No. 3—
Q. B. BROWN
District No. 4—
J. R. MURPHY
District No. 5—
J. W. GRAY
District No. 6—
MACK MARTIN
District No. 7—
J. W. TAYLOR
District No. 1—
L. J. PICKEREL
For Constable, District No. 7—
R. H. BASHAM

Russia has paid a terrible price for
the experiment, but her example has
set socialism back a hundred years.

Whatever disappointment immedi-
ately followed the primary, the
situation has rapidly cleared up and
the county ticket will win with the
normal majority.

Perhaps it was due to our friendly
admonition, but more probably to the
demand of the Democratic candidates,
that Grandsonny "Neophyte," of the
Hartford Herald, is politically as
mute as a mouse this week.

London Associated Press report
says demonstrations by the unemploy-
ed are being held in many English
cities and violence resorted to, but
fails to say whether it is due to the
failure of the United States to join
the League of Nations or to the Ford-
ney Tariff law.

Why should our former allies in
Europe insist upon putting the United
States under bonds with the League
of Nations to come to their rescue
when threatened by autocracy, with so
recent an example of this govern-
ment's voluntary performance of that
high moral duty?

The Louisville Times insists that
Overton Harris, Democratic nominee
for mayor of that city, is too "nice"
a man to be caught spooning in the
night shadows of an abandoned rock-

quary, but nevertheless and notwith-
standing we suggest that henceforth
and hereafter the Times provide a
chaperone for Mr. Harris when he
sallies forth at night.

It is reported that German thought
is turning strongly toward a mon-
archical government. Such a condi-
tion is not unexpected. The German
people are by tradition and practice
a monarchical people who undertook
a Republican form of government,
not from a conviction that it was bet-
ter suited to German national devel-
opment, but out of deference to world
sentiment.

There is a disposition on the part
of many people to fault the public
officials, with law violations occurring
in their neighborhoods. Such an atti-
tude is unjust to the officers. It
is the duty of the officials to punish
crime but not to play detective. It
is the duty of such citizens to make
affidavit to the commission of the
crimes complained of, since the courts
can proceed to punish only when fur-
nished evidence.

"Oscar W. Underwood, appointed
by President Harding a member of
the disarmament conference, was a
steadfast supporter of the Treaty of
Versailles and the League, and al-
though he had the GOOD SENSE to
realize his party should have accept-
ed under protest the Lodge reserva-
tions, etc." No, this grant of credit
to Senator Underwood for having
better sense than the former presi-
dent is not a fling of a Wilson-hating
Republican newspaper, but an ex-
cerpt from an editorial in Saturday's
Louisville Times.

The Parent-Teacher Association is
a useful and helpful agency in the
improvement of the schools, but may
we inquire if the members of the
Association are doing their full duty
toward school-building by giving
first attention to the home training
of their children? It is a commendable
exercise of public spirit to indulge
an active interest in one's neighbor's
children, but the most fruitful effort
toward school-making is the co-opera-
tion with the school faculty by in-
dustrious and painstaking training
of the children by their parents at
home.

The kettle of movie star scandal,
always simmering, has boiled over
again and cast up "Fatty" Arbuckle
with the scum. The ex-barroom
spittoon cleaner is in a San Francisco
jail on a charge of having outraged
a female star who died from in-
juries received at the hands of her
drunken assailant. From the days
of the Roman ballet immorality has
followed the stage. Drunkenness,
divorce and adultery have attended
it with a fatal persistency, but it re-
mained for the vulgar Arbuckle, if
guilty, to startle the world with a
story of a brutal rape resulting in
murder. There are many good people
in the picture and vaudeville casts
but still the stage is a mighty good
place for parents to keep their daugh-
ters away from.

CROMWELL MAN TO ANSWER FALSE PRETENSE CHARGE

Guy Faught of Cromwell, was ar-
rested Tuesday by Sheriff Bratcher
and Deputy Tichenor on a charge of
obtaining money under false pre-
tense. The officers brought the ac-
cused man to Hartford, where he was
put under bond to answer to the
grand jury at its next sitting. The
arrest was made on complaint of a
Mrs. Dennis and Thomas Wallace of
Cromwell.

According to statement of the com-
plainants Faught approached them
sometime ago with a request to en-
dorse a bank note to the amount
\$1200, representing that certain other
securities would also sign the note
before it was presented to the bank
for discount. Faught further repre-
sented to the complainants, according
to their statement, that he had con-
tracted for a tract of land and would
pay the money borrowed on the pur-
chase money, and that he did not
pay the money on land but spent it
otherwise.

PUBLIC SPEAKING

Judge R. W. Slack and Common-
wealth's Attorney C. E. Smith will ad-
dress the public in the interest of
their candidacy for re-election at the
following places on the date and at
the hour indicated:

Magan, Wednesday, Sept. 21 at
7:30 p. m.
Sunnysdale, Thursday, Sept. 22, at
7:30 p. m.
Baizetown, Friday, Sept. 23, at
7:30 p. m.
Centertown, Saturday, Sept. 24, at
2 p. m.
Rockport, Saturday, Sept. 24, at
7:30 p. m.

Everyone, regardless of political
affiliation, is invited and requested to
be present. Ladies especially invited.

W. S. TINSLEY, Ch'm'n.
M. F. CHUMLEY, Sec'y.,
Republican Campaign Committee.

Report of the condition of The
Bank Of Hartford
doing business at the town of Hart-
ford, County of Ohio, State of
Kentucky, at the close of
business on 6th day of
Sept. 1921.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$299,063.11
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,237.50
Stocks, Bonds and other Securities	56,256.00
Due from Banks	25,886.03
Cash on hand	8,938.60
Banking House furni- ture and fixtures	4,500.00

Total \$495,875.24

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in, in cash	\$40,000.00
Surplus Fund	25,000.00
Undivided Profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,111.30
Deposits sub- ject to check \$208,950.91	
Time De- posits	\$174,813.03 383,763.94
Other Liabilities not in- cluded under any of above heads, bonds bor- rowed	45,000.00

Total \$495,875.24
State of Kentucky)

Sct.
County of Ohio)
We, Rowan Holbrook and C. O.
Hunter, Vice President and Cashier
of the above named Bank, do solemnly
swear that the above statement is
true to the best of our knowledge and
belief.

ROWAN HOLBROOK, Vice Pres.
C. O. HUNTER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 15th day of September 1921.

C. M. CROWE, N. P.
My Commission expires Feb. 8th,
1922.

Correct—Attest:
C. O. HUNTER,
ROWAN HOLBROOK,
R. E. LEE SIMMERMAN,
Directors.

Report of the condition of The
Beaver Dam Deposit Bank
doing business at the town of Beaver
Dam, county of Ohio, State of
Kentucky at the close of bu-
siness on 6th day of
Sept. 1921.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$418,563.83
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,392.50
Stocks, Bonds and other Securities	238,303.26
Due from Banks	68,025.58
Cash on hand	23,156.12
Banking House, Furni- ture and fixtures	1,300.00

Total \$750,741.29

Capital Stock paid in, in cash	\$25,000.00
Surplus Fund	50,000.00
Undivided Profits, less expenses and taxes paid	8,496.24
Deposits sub- ject to check \$363,876.97	
Time De- posits	\$299,901.64 663,778.61
Other Liabilities not in- cluded under any of above heads	3,466.44

Total \$750,741.29
State of Kentucky)

Sct.
County of Ohio)
We, John H. Barnes and C. P. Aus-
tin, President and Cashier of the
above named Bank, do solemnly
swear that the above statement is
true to the best of our knowledge and
belief.

JNO. H. BARNES, President,
C. P. AUSTIN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 12th day of Sept. 1921,
FRANK BARNES, N. P.
My Commission Expires Jany. 19,
1924.

Correct—Attest:
C. P. AUSTIN, Director.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

All persons having claims against
the estate of Joel G. Sapp, deceased,
will please present same properly
proven to J. W. Hale, Fordsville, Ky.,
within ninety days from this date.

H. C. SAPP, Admr.,
Estate J. G. Sapp, deceased.
Sept. 2 1921. 10t3pd

HORSES AT AUCTION—At 1 p.
m., Monday, Sept. 19, near the
Court House square Hartford,
Ky., I will offer for sale to the
highest bidder two match black
horses. Work anywhere you wish to
hitch them. Terms made known on
day of sale. For further information
see A. C. YEISER, Auctioneer, Hart-
ford, Ky. 11t2pd

NOTICE

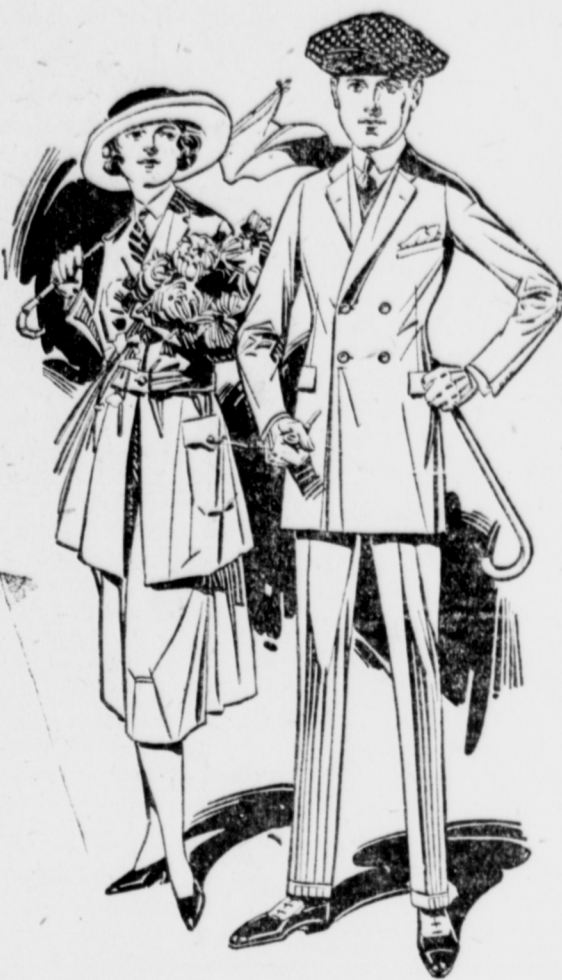
W. D. Robertson, et al.,
vs. Notice.
Stock Law Election in Pond Run
Voting Precinct, No. 37.
Pursuant to a judgment rendered
by the Ohio County Court, at its

WE ANNOUNCE

THE ARRIVAL OF

FALL GOODS

CONSISTING OF



Dresses, Coat Suits, Cloaks,
Skirts, Waists, Sweaters,
Clothing, Hats, Caps, Shoes
And a large assortment of
Ladies' and Children's Hats.

We extend to you a
cordial invitation to
visit our store and give
us a look.

Our Ready-to-Wear is of the latest
style, excellent quality, and almost
back to pre-war prices. You will be
surprised when you see the quality
and prices. If you are in need of
high-class, dependable merchandise,
at a reasonable cost, we can supply
your wants. We have always stood
for quality and service.

COOPER BROS.,

Beaver Dam, Kentucky.

Attention! Ladies and Gentlemen!

NEW LIFE FOR OLD CLOTHES



When Cleaned and Pressed on
the Hoffman Sanitary
Steam Press.

We have the best equipped and most up-to-date cleaning and
pressing establishment in this section of the state. Prompt and
first-class service guaranteed. Special attention given to parcel post
packages. We give 24-hour service and all work guaranteed.

OUR PRICES
Cleaned and Pressed

MEN'S LIST

Men's Suits (2 piece)	\$1.50
Men's Suits (3 piece)	\$1.75
Overcoats, medium	\$1.50
Overcoats, heavy and long	\$1.75

LADIES' LIST

Dresses, plain	\$1.50
Dresses, with drape	\$1.75
Dresses, fancy	\$2.25
Coat Suits, plain	\$1.50
Coat Suits, with drape	\$1.75
Skirts, pleated	\$1.00 up
Coats, long	\$1.50
Velvet Suits Steamed	\$3.00
Waist, fancy	.75

SUNSHINE CLEANING & PRESSING CO.,
RHODES & LONG, Props.
Leitchfield, Kentucky.

Chevrolet Prices!

F. B. Touring	\$975.00
F. B. Roadster	975.00
490 Touring	525.00
490 Roadster	525.00
490 Light Delivery Truck	525.00

All prices f. o. b. Factory.

Taylor & Morris Motor Co.
Hartford, Ky.

Call on the Republican for Fine Job Printing.

It Will Pay You!



Your time will be well spent, and your pocketbook will escape a big loss if you come direct to us for your

FALL COAT, COAT SUIT, or DRESS.

Every week adds new models and new fabrics, while workmanship, linings and materials are much nicer than last season—the prices are much lower.

We are featuring a special value this week in Coat Suit and Dress—actual value \$30.00,

Our Special Price, \$25.00.

Be fair to yourself and your home merchant before buying. When you investigate you will find styles correct, and a saving of \$5.00 to \$10.00.

Fair & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Mr. U. S. Whalen, of Owensboro, is attending the Fair here this week.

Miss Lella Glenn, of Central City, spent the week-end here with her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. S. Glenn.

Mrs. Sumner Mills and children of Owensboro, will spend this week-end with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gillespie.

Mrs. Robert Bennett and small daughter of Chrisman, Ill., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Bennett this week.

Mr. John King has rented rooms over the store of Luther Leach on Main street and will occupy them soon.

Mrs. A. C. Porter was a guest of the family of her uncle, Mr. Bryant Wilhite, at Calhoun, the first of the week.

Miss Helena Miller returned from Oklahoma Tuesday to spend some time with her mother, Mrs. Jennie Miller.

Miss Sallie Shults will leave Sunday for Bowling Green where she will enter the Western Kentucky Normal School.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Cousins of La Center, were the guests Wednesday and Thursday of Miss Mildred Stevenson, City.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bishop and son David, Mrs. Steve Ellis and Miss Tiny, Yeiser motored to Owensboro Monday.

Mrs. W. A. Franklin of Calhoun arrived here yesterday to spend the week-end the guest of Mrs. M. G. Lovett.

Mrs. L. G. Barrett and little son will return Sunday after having spent several days visiting relatives at Stanley.

Mrs. —Graig and children of Illinois, visited Mrs. Graig's sister, Mrs. Potter of this place, several days this week.

The Webbits, a peculiar religious sect, will hold a home-coming at Olton beginning today and continuing until Sunday.

Messrs Park Taylor and Ernest Morris, made a trip to Cincinnati Sunday, returning Tuesday with two new Chevrolets.

We are in the market for eggs and poultry every day in the year. Highest cash prices paid.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Work continues slack at the coal mines in the county, and the 1600 miners average no more than two days work a week.

Mr. John Glenn of Terre Haute, Ind., arrived here Wednesday to be the guest of his brother, Judge J. S. Glenn for several days.

Misses Thelma and Emma Lee Jarcoe of Owensboro, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Hunter from Thursday until Sunday.

Mr. Karl Stalsworth returned to his work at Central City Wednesday, after attending the burial of his brother, Clarence, here.

Mr. Marvin Black, deputy collector of Internal Revenue, stationed at Owensboro, is the week-end guest of relatives in, and near town.

Mrs. Bud Gentry of Evansville, Ind., and Mrs. John X. Taylor of Earlinton, are guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Martin.

G. J. Hoover and others of Friedland, have filed a petition in county court for a public road to be opened from that place to Horse Branch.

Misses Gertrude Schlemmer and Beatrice Bean of this city, spent the week-end with relatives at Dundee and attended the Owensboro Fair Saturday.

Esquire W. S. Dean has sold his residence property at Dundee, to Willie Mcneley, and moved to Owensboro, where he will engage in the hotel business.

Mrs. Emory Schroeter returned home Sunday from an extended visit with relatives in Louisville and Xenia, Ohio where she visited her husband.

Messrs. Rowan Holbrook, Emerson Rogers, W. H. Rhoads, H. B. Bean and Hardin Baird went to Louisville Thursday to attend the good roads meeting being held in that city.

Messrs. W. S. Tinsley and Claude Blankenship were in the city and will attend the meeting.

Mr. Amos Carson who has been troubled for several days with an infected toe is all O. K.

Mrs. J. H. Thomas, who has been attending the sick bed of her brother, Mr. Redford Bean at Narrows, will return to her home in Louisville Saturday.

Miss Sallie Harris Bean of Akron, Ohio, and Miss Bessie Morton of Louisville, arrived here Wednesday to spend several days the guest of relatives.

Mrs. Minnie Wedding Lee returned to her home here Sunday from Owensboro where she has been visiting relatives and attending the fair for several days.

Mr. Joe H. Belcher, wife and baby of Butler County, were the guests of Mr. Belcher's brother, Mr. Fred Belcher and Mrs. Belcher several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Goebel Crowe, who have been residing at Youngstown, Ohio, for the past few months arrived here Tuesday to spend several weeks with relatives.

Mrs. G. B. Likens and Master Frank, of Washington, D. C., have returned to their home, after spending several days in Hartford and the vicinity visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Hancock, of Leitchfield, have rented the Ford property on Mill street, which was recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bennett and will move here soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Cicero Boles are the proud parents of a ten-pound baby girl, born Tuesday, Sept. 13. Mr. Boles is the proprietor of the new barber shop in the old Hartford House.

Mr. Douglas Williams will leave Sunday for Chicago, where he will enter the University of Chicago. Mr. Williams will pursue his studies towards a degree in Commerce and Finance.

Mr. and Mrs. Gastineau and son, Hewie, and Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Clutts and son, Arthur and daughter, May, of Pike county, are guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Chumley, of McHenry.

Mr. P. M. Perkinson, state highway engineer on the Hartford-Owensboro road leaves today on a short vacation spent at Lexington and Berea. He will return to his work next week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Heel have taken rooms with Mrs. Emma Acton on Clay street. Mr. Heel succeeds Mr. J. C. Bennett as local representative for the Tennessee National Life and Accident Insurance Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bishop of this place and Mr. and Mrs. Leon Bishop of Centertown, returned to Hartford Wednesday night from Russellville, where they had gone to witness the opening of the fall term of Bethel College.

In mentioning the sale of the mill here last week, by a slip of thought we said George Johnson had sold the property to Charlie Carden and Joe Hagerman, when it was intended to be said it was sold to John Bell and Joe Hagerman.

Mr. Henry Bean, assistant state highway engineer on the Hartford-Owensboro road will leave Saturday for Lexington where he will enter the University of Kentucky. Mr. Bean graduates from the College of Engineering this year.

Mr. Byron Williams arrived here Monday from Lexington to spend several days with his father, Mr. Rufus Williams at Heflin, before re-entering the University. Mr. Williams has been employed at Lexington during the summer.

The building of four brick business houses on the ground where wooden buildings burned a few months ago at Beaver Dam is another example that whatever hardships a fire may work on the individual owners of wooden buildings in the business section of a town, it is a resulting benefit to the town.

County Tax Commissioner Ward reports the work of assessing the property of the county now more than half completed, and that it will be finished at an earlier date this year. Mr. Ward is being assisted in his office by his daughter, Miss Irene, and in the field by deputies L. P. Barnard, Hartford; E. B. Finley, Baize-town; J. R. Murphy, Reynolds; L. B. Loney, McHenry and C. C. Carter, Narrows.

A CARD OF THANKS

We want to thank our friends and neighbors for their help and sym-



There is a Belding Silk For Every Purpose.

Beauty and enduring-quality are Belding Characteristics which are equally valuable in every use to which silk is put. When we recommend a Belding's Silk to our customers it is with the assurance that whether it be for a gown, a lining, or for lingerie, it will give the utmost in service.

Each piece of silk is backed by the traditional Belding guarantee for satisfactory service. Let us show you our line. Respectfully,

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY.....SEPTEMBER 16

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Mr. Pink Fentress of Barretts Ferry, was in town Monday.

Rye and Grass Seed for sale by W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. Fonza Midkiff of Sulphur Springs was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. A. C. Porter is spending the week with relatives at Calhoun.

Mr. James A. Tate of Rockport, was among our office visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. R. D. Walker spent Saturday in Owensboro, the guest of relatives.

Miss Beulah Palmer was the guest of Miss Nettie Gillespie last Friday.

Mr. Luther Leach attended the State Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Messrs. R. L. Dever and W. S. Rock attended the State Fair Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bean attended the State Fair at Louisville yesterday.

Mr. Albert Cox of Sulphur Springs is attending the State Fair at Louisville.

Mr. Marvin Parks returned home Tuesday, from a business trip to Auburn.

Miss Mabel Rhoads left Friday for Russellville to enter school at Logan College.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Likens have been attending the State Fair at Louisville this week.

We will have a car of Fertilizer within the next few days.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mrs. Josie Duke of Dundee, arrived here yesterday to spend several days with relatives.

Mr. Charles R. Lee of New Orleans visited his sister, Mrs. B. S. Ellis and Mr. Ellis last week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvey Tichenor and son Powell, motored to Owensboro Monday.

Miss Anna B. Iler of Owensboro, is spending the week-end here with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Hancock of Leitchfield, are visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. Chester Leach went to Louisville Tuesday morning to attend the State Fair.

Miss Lillian Taylor of Waco, Texas, was a guest of Mrs. O. T. Burns yesterday and today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Casebier spent last week visiting relatives in Owensboro and Pleasant Ridge.

Miss Bessie Morris left Tuesday for Evansville, Ind., where she will spend the winter with relatives.

Miss Lourene Collins returned here Wednesday from Sturgis, where she had been visiting a friend.

Judge Jno. B. Wilson and son, John Allen, attended a K. P. Meeting at Central City Wednesday.

Mr. W. H. Rhoads and daughter, Miss Martha, are attending the State Fair at Louisville this week.

Miss Emilie Bell of Buford, arrived here yesterday to spend the week-end with Miss Margaret King.

Mr. Floyd Keown and mother of Fordsville, visited Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Keown several days this week.

Paul McQuady of Balzertown, is visiting his aunts, Mesdames C. B. Carden, J. S. Carden and R. E. Fuqua.

Messrs. W. C. Blankenship and W. S. Tinsley attended the State Fair at Louisville Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Ozna Shults left yesterday to visit her daughter, Cosma, at Straight Creek, Ky. She will return Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Acton and Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Barrett were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. James Gentry, of Narrows.

Miss Gorin Fleener of Cromwell left yesterday for Harrisburg, Ark., where she will resume her position in the High School.

WIRE FENCE!

We have just received a car load of

AMERICAN WOVEN WIRE FENCE

Barbed Wire, Nails and kindred articles. Lowest prices in six years. See us before buying.

ACTON BROTHERS
HARTFORD, KY.

TICHENOR-LEACH MOTOR CO.

Successors to Brown & Jarnagin

—Dealer in—

Automobiles and Accessories

GASOLINE AND CYLINDER OIL.

Main Street.

HARTFORD, KY.

pathy shown us in the sad death of our son and brother, and especially we want to thank his teacher and school mates for the flowers and sympathy.
It ispd.
Mrs. STALS WORTH and CHILDREN.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Shipping Associations are Successful in Illinois.

The organization of shipping associations has been successfully assisted by the county agents in Illinois. The work has proved popular and advantageous to the farmers. New associations were organized during the second quarter of this year, ending June 30, in Henderson, Hancock, Pike, Randolph, Marshall, Putnam and Kendall Counties. The results shown by the shipping association in Adams County are typical. Sixty-two carloads of live stock were sent to terminal markets during the month of April. These shipments included 3,957 hogs, 343 cattle, and 25 sheep, belonging to 382 Adams County farmers. The total sale price for this shipment was \$87,000. This was an increase of \$23,000 in sales value over the same month last year.

The average price per hundred weight this year was considerably lower than last, and it was especially gratifying that this gain in sales was made by increasing the shipment to 36 more carloads than last year. The Henry County Shipping Association shipped altogether \$3,482,076.25 worth of live stock during the year ending March 31. Last year the total was \$2,859,163.42. The increase in total sales indicates general satisfaction with the co-operative plan of shipment.

Great Saving in Phosphate Possible By New Process

The United States owns the richest and most extensive phosphate fields in the world. Heretofore heavy annual wastes of valuable phosphatic material have occurred during the mining and manufacturing processes. A new method of controlling these losses devised by the United States Department of Agriculture consists in mixing the "run-of-mine" phosphate with sand and coke and smelting the mass in an electric or fuel-fired furnace. In this process, the phosphoric acid is driven off as a fume and may be readily collected in concentrated form. Millions of tons of phosphates previously wasted will be saved potentially as a result of the perfection of this new reclamation system.

Goldie By Name, Gold Mine By Nature, Was Lame Cow.

Before a certain Missouri farmer joined the cow-testing association, report specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture, he owned a good herd in which was an old crippled cow named "Goldie." At that very time the owner was trying to sell her for \$75. To his surprise the Babcock test not only placed poor old, crippled Goldie at the head of the herd but at the head of the whole association. Her yearly production, as shown by the records was 9,300 pounds of milk and 526 pounds of butter fat, and her yearly earning over cost of feed was \$267. Goldie belonged to a herd whose average yearly butter-fat production was 360 pounds, yet she was almost 50 per cent above the average of the herd, and more than 200 per cent superior to the average dairy cow of this country. Among the cows on test in the 468 cow-testing associations are many like Goldie. The true production records furnished by cow-testing associations have prevented the sale of a large number of unassuming but fairly high producing cows.

8,000 Bushels of Corn Clear Gain

Records of one 800-acre farm in Ohio show an annual increase of 8,000 bushels of corn thru the adoption of new strains of corn and improved methods developed and recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture. The farmer has been following the advice of the department for 20 years, and has kept careful records of his yield. For the last 10 years the increase averages more than 10 bushels an acre over previous years. Beyond the extra cost of harvesting, the labor and expense 8,000 bushels is regarded as clear gain.

Rotation Only Practical Cure of Pea-Sick Land.

Where the crop of peas grown for canning or truck market purposes the past season has shown root rot, the United States Department of Agriculture advises playing for a long rotation of other crops, beginning with the next season, to rid the soil of the disease. A four-year rotation is sometimes effective, but cases have been met, both in the East and in the Central States, where even a longer rotation has proved insufficient.

Investigations by the department during the past three years have shown that root rot of peas is present in all of the larger pea-growing areas east of the Mississippi, and to some extent in Montana and Utah. The disease lives in the soil and becomes more destructive each year peas are grown on infested land, soon reducing the crop to such an extent as to

make it unprofitable. It is distributed by the custom prevalent in some sections of transferring soil from old fields to new ones to carry the nodule bacteria, and by wind and other means.

The area of pea-sick land is widening each year. It is particularly important that the large seed-growing regions of the West, which have remained free of the disease up to the present time, be protected from it by the practice of proper rotation.

The department is breeding varieties of peas resistant to root rot, but some time must elapse before there can be any assurance that the commercial growers' problem can be solved in this way.

Find Prehistoric Corn In Tennessee Stone Graves.

Corn that grew in Tennessee in prehistoric times, possibly before Joseph put away his seven years' supply in Egypt, was unearthed recently by W. E. Meyer, of the Bureau of American Ethnology, and sent to the United States Department of Agriculture for identification. During recent excavations in Davidson County, Tenn., Mr. Meyer came upon a number of stone slab graves containing mortuary vessels. Some of these held specimens of charred maize in fairly good condition. From the size and shape of the grains it was possible to identify the variety as Many-Rowed Tropical Flint, a form about half way between true flint and popcorn.

The same type of Indian corn occurs in the West Indies, and there is no question in the minds of scientists but that there was a very early communication between the West Indies and North America. Not only corn but beans, squashes, pumpkins, and tobacco are of tropical and subtropical origin. These staples, now so important thruout both hemispheres, found their way into North America and were cultivated beyond the Great Lakes in Canada long before the discovery of America. There is abundant evidence of communication between the West Indies and Florida, and up the Mississippi and its tributaries.

Colorado Ships Big Potato Crop Under Federal Grades.

Adoption of United States potato grades in Colorado has increased the amount of the crop marketed on this basis by more than 12,000,000 bushels according to the August estimate of the Bureau of Markets and Crop Estimates, United States Department of Agriculture, and raises to 11 the number of States that have made the United States grades official. Although the use of the Federal standards has been optional since the days of the United States Food Administration, they are now used officially for grading 30 per cent of the total crop and unofficially for 30 to 45 per cent more.

Following the lead of other Western States, Colorado created at the last session of the legislature a division of marketing and provided for the inspection of fruit and vegetables on the basis of State grades. The new division started work in July, and hearings were held in producing sections thruout the State for the purpose of establishing practical standards that would be satisfactory to the trade.

SEPTEMBER CROP REPORT

Washington, Sept. 12.—The corn crop, which suffered a loss of about 91,000,000 bushels in prospective production in July, made a gain of 154,000,000 bushels during August over the forecast last month, the indicated production from the September 1 condition of the crop being 3,186,000,000 bushels.

The 1921 corn crop as forecast is only 48,000,000 bushels less than the crop of last year which broke all records and is 388,000,000 bushels above the five year average. The improvement made during August was ascribed by the department to favorable temperatures and rains, which had been lacking thruout a good portion of the season.

The spring wheat prospects declined 3,000,000 since the August forecast, due largely to heat and drought. The oats crop on the basis of the figures announced today was a short one, 436,000,000 bushels less than last year and 343,000,000 bushels below the five year average.

The condition on September 1 and forecast of production for Kentucky corn was: Condition 80 and production 91,990,000. This is 13,931,000 bushels over the August forecast, but 8,660,000 bushels under the 1920 production.

Preliminary estimates of this year's production of winter wheat and hay and forecasts for other crops, based on their condition on September 1, were announced by the Department of Agriculture today as follows: Winter wheat 544,000,000 bushels (34,000,000 less than 1920 produc-

tion.) Spring wheat 210,000,000 (gain, 1,000,000.) Fall wheat 754,000,000 (33,000,000 bushels under the 1920 production.) Corn 3,186,000,000. Oats 1,090,000,000 bushels (436,000,000 bushels under 1920.) Barley 167,000,000 (35,000,000 bushels under 1920.) Rye 64,300,000 (5,000,000 bushels under 1920.) Buckwheat 13,000,000 (800,000 bushels under 1920.) White potatoes 323,000,000 (105,000,000 bushels under 1920.) Sweet potatoes 116,000,000 (2,000,000 bushels under 1920.) Tobacco 948,000,000 pounds (560,000,000 pounds under 1920.)

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court. C. W. Taylor, Guardian, etc., Plaintiff.

vs. Notice of Sale. Euna J. Taylor, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the above styled court directed to me in the above styled action, directing me to sell the herein-after described real estate for the purpose of paying the costs of the said action and the costs of this sale and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto, I will offer for sale, at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder, at the Court house door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday the 19th day of September, 1921, (it being the first day of the regular September term of the Ohio Circuit Court,) at about the hour of 12:30 o'clock P. M., on a credit of six months, the following described real estate situated and being in Ohio County, Ky., and bounded and described as follows:

"Beginning at a point in Levi Taylor's line 112 1/4 poles west of said Levi Taylor's N. E. corner; thence W. 112 1/4 poles to a stake in said Levi Taylor's line; thence N. 283 poles to a stake in John Brown's line; thence E. 112 1/4 poles to a stake at George W. Leach's N. W. corner; thence S. 283 poles to the beginning, containing 200 acres, more or less."

The purchaser will be required to execute bond, with security to be approved by the Commissioner, immediately after sale, said bond payable in six months and bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date until paid and to have the force and effect of a judgment and a lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the payment of the purchase money bond.

Given under my hand, as Master Commissioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, this the 29th day of August, 1921.

OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C. O. C. M. L. Heavrin, Atty.

STEAL ELEVEN STILL FROM PROHIBITION OFFICERS

Following tips given them, three revenue officers in a nearby county in western Kentucky set out on the trail of twelve stills in various sections of the county one day last week. Taking the trail early in the morning they soon located one of the stills and found a quantity of mash in the making. As the day lengthened and it grew eventime they had secured eleven out of the possible twelve moonshine apparatuses. Only one remained to be discovered and desirous of having a perfect hunt they set about to locate this one.

After following a baffling trail for some hours the location of the still was finally made. Leaving their wagon, loaded with the illicit machines all three started after the last. In a few minutes the conquest was made and they returned to their vehicle. But on returning it was discovered that someone had in the meantime confiscated nine of the eleven stills in the wagon.—Paducah News.

BOOKS MADE BY ONE MAN UNIQUE CAPITA EXHIBIT

Washington, Sept. 9.—What are believed to be the only books ever produced—from the contents to the printing and binding—by one man working alone have just been placed on exhibition at the Smithsonian Institution.

They are the product of the late Dard Hunter of Chillicothe, Ohio, who wrote two books, designed the type with which they were to be printed, cast the type, set it, printed the production with a hand press and then did the binding. Hunter also manufactured the paper that was used.

This is part of the general exhibition in the division of graphic arts in the institution.

She was telling an acquaintance about her girl friends.

"Yes," she said, "my friend Maud is only twenty-five, but she's been married three times. And all her husbands have been named William." "You don't say!" replied he. "Why she must be a regular Bill collector!" —New York American.

AMERICAN LEGION NEWS

Correspondence by airplane has been instituted between the mayor of Kansas City, Mo., and the mayor of Omaha, Nebr., by the American Legion of the former city. Legion officials flew to Omaha last week with the Kansas City mayor's request to the mayor of Omaha that he board the plane for a flight of the Legion convention at Kansas City October 31. The mayor of Kansas City will fly back with the other mayor to attend the first aero congress in Omaha.

With handkerchiefs covering their faces as smoke masks, members of Hoboken, N. J., post of the American Legion aided in removing the bodies of 4,700 American soldiers when fire of unknown origin destroyed two of the army base's piers last week.

Membership in the American Legion proved its worth to Arnold Hawkinson, Glencoe, Minn., after his automobile was stolen in Minneapolis recently. Shortly after the theft police scrutinized an automobile in which two women had driven to the jail for a visit with a prisoner. Under the seat they found a copy of the American Legion Weekly addressed to Hawkinson. The women were arrested and the automobile returned to its owner.

Arrested and facing detention in jail for trial for violating a traffic ordinance, James Anderson, Nashville, Tenn., was passing unhappy moments when his policeman escort noticed his American Legion button. "Here, I'll go your bond, buddy," he said. "I wear the same button." It developed that the men belonged to the same Legion post.

With the recent receipt of their state bonus checks, members of the Sturgis, South Dakota, post of the American Legion have pledged \$11,000 of their money for the erection of a \$25,000 community building which is to have a gymnasium, shower bath, bowling alley, rest room and a dance hall for the entire town.

In an address formally opening the new quarters of the Holyoke, Mass., post of the American Legion last week General John J. Pershing complimented the Legion for not participating in politics.

Favoring the name of a private soldier who gave his life for his country during the world war to that of "some illustrious general," an American Legion post of Minneapolis, Minn., has petitioned the city board of education to name a large new high school there for Cecil Kyle, who was working his way thru college by selling newspapers and tending cows when he enlisted.

Brig. Gen. Charles Dawes, Secretary of the Navy Denby, Gov. Miller and John G. Emery, national commander of the American Legion, will address the third annual convention of the New York department of the American Legion at Jamestown, N. Y., Sept. 23 and 24.

WILL FLY KAISER'S FLAG

Berlin, Sept. 8.—The first German passenger steamer under the German flag will sail from Hamburg for New York on Sept. 15. As the imperial flag remains the colors for the German merchant marine, the former kaiser's banner will pass the Statue of Liberty for the first time since early in the year.

Bayern is the name of the ship that will sail. She belongs to the Hamburg-American Line, and is the first of six ships to sail between the two ports, three of them under the German flag and three under the Stars and Stripes. This is the arrangement between the Hamburg-American and the Harriman lines.

BAN "SALARY SLACKERS."

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Bobbed hair and short skirts have received Uncle Sam's approval in the federal board for vocational training here. But Col. Charles R. Forbes, the director, drew the line on powdering noses, loafing or making social calls in office hours.

"Wear anything you please, girls," he said. "Be comfortable, but don't be salary slackers, because there are hundreds of cases of disabled men awaiting your attention. And when a crippled doughboy comes in here, smile his discouragement away."

AIRPLANE TO FLY TO NORTH POLE

An airplane flight over the north pole is to be attempted. Four men in a plane of special construction will leave Point Barrow, Alaska, soon to make scientific observations of ocean, air and ice currents in the polar regions. The expedition expects to reach Spitzbergen or even the North Cape. Several planes will start from Seattle and proceed up the Alaskan coast

to Point Barrow, if only one will make the transpolar flight.

The trip was originally scheduled for next year but reports of unusually warm weather near the Arctic circle resulted in the date being advanced. It is hoped to attain a speed of 100 miles an hour while in the air. The fuel problem is the chief worry. A supply ample for 50 hours of continuous flight will have to be carried. It may be necessary to make the 1,150-mile "hop" without a single stop.

PRESIDENT URGES LOCAL GOVERNMENT BE EXTENDED

Chapel Hill, N. C., Sept. 11.—The tendency to rely on the federal government for performance of functions rightfully belonging to local administrative units is deplored by President Harding in a letter in connection with the conference on town and county administration to be held next week at the University of North Carolina.

The President in his letter, which was made public today by Dr. Howard W. Odium, director of school of public welfare of the University of North Carolina, says:

"My attention has been called to regional conference on local government, which you are about to hold for broad consideration of the social, industrial and technical problems of local government.

"It is a pleasure to record my hearty indorsement of the efforts you are making, and to emphasize the need which I believe exists for an earnest and continuous presentation of these subjects to the people thruout the country. The problems are very difficult, accentuated by the complexity of conditions which have arisen during and following the war. There has been an inevitable tendency, because of the overwhelmingly important work which confronted the national government to rely unduly upon it for performance of many functions which can only be discharged properly by local administrative entities. This together with the further fact that our country's rapid growth and the consequent difficulty of adequately planning local governmental machineries has resulted in a certain inefficiency of the minor administrative organisms which greatly needs to be corrected. It will be corrected whenever the attention of the people is fully aroused and the national genius for administration is effectively applied."

REGAL BATHTUBS SOLD AT \$37.50

Honolulu, Sept. 13.—Pathos mingled with comedy as the furniture and household fitting of the late Queen Lilioukalani, deposed monarch of Hawaii, went 'on the block' and were "knocked down" by the auctioneer to the highest bidder here recently.

A large crowd, representative of many nationalities, gathered to witness the auction, and many a Hawaiian eye was moist with tears as some particular piece of furniture brought back memories of the old days and the vanished glory of a kingdom. Three of the late queen's bath-tubs went for \$37.50 apiece to a Chinese contractor.

POLITICAL "PUSH"

They were looking down into the depths of the Grand Canyon.

"Do you know," asked the guide, "that it took millions of years for this great abyss to be carved out?"

"Well, well," ejaculated the traveler. "I never knew this was a government job."

A young Jewish furrier was at a loss to understand where his friend got a \$1,000 diamond that he was sporting. Isadore explained: "My uncle died and left \$1,000 for a stone to his memory—and this is the stone."

Not even a lawyer could outlaw that claim.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

EAGLE "MIKADO"

For Sale at your Dealer
ASK FOR THE YELLOW PENCIL WITH THE RED BAND
EAGLE MIKADO
EAGLE PENCIL COMPANY, NEW YORK

Liberty Bicycles On Sale



Tires and accessories, featherweight Motor Bikes, Motors for bicycles, Telephones and Supplies, Line Construction Material, Electrical Supplies, Shoe and General Repair Shop.

If it's fixable we fix it. Both telephones.

MUFFETT'S REPAIR SHOP
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE. It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Mother's use Frey's Vermifuge For the Children

A Safe Old Fashioned Remedy for Worms. Seventy-five years continuous use is the best testimony. FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you. Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones healthy and happy. See a bottle at your druggist's or general store, or if your dealer can't supply you, send his name and 30c in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY

A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION. FOR ONE MONTH. A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.

LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS O.
OHIO MEDICAL CO.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feelright all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by E. B. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Md.

AUCTION MEN OFF WHO ARE OUT OF WORK

Boston Is Scene Of Queer Stunts; Pastor Handles Gavel—Sells Quick

Boston, Sept. 8.—Jobless men were placed on the auction block on Boston Common today. Stripped to the waist, after the custom of the old slave auctions, they declared their willingness to work by standing before a crowd of thousands, offering their services to the highest bidder.

"Shorn lambs of unemployment," their auctioneer, Urbain Ledoux, called them.

Ledoux, a philanthropic worker who recently opened the "Church of the unemployed," in the West End, led a group of 50 to the common to bring home, he said, to the people of Boston their stories of human misery, just as William Lloyd Garrison pleaded for the slaves on the same spot 70 years ago. It was to prove that his charges were not parasitic floaters, but instead, good citizens out of a job, that he put some of them on the block, he explained.

Ledoux's efforts to get work for his men were not rewarded. Of the three who stood up for bids, none went away to a job although from the crowd came pledges to help tide them over a week or two while they sought employment. Their leader said, however, that he considered he had succeeded in bringing their plight and the honesty of their purpose to public attention and he announced that the auction was to be a daily event, to be continued at least for the remainder of the month.

Ledoux and his men, box lunches in hand, came to the common from West End headquarters, where he has fed hundreds in the last week. While they munched their sandwiches he called for volunteers to stand at auction prepared to work for a week for the highest bidders. Eight men stepped out, two of them world war veterans, most of them in clothing that was frayed and shoes well down at the heels. Each was asked how long he had been out of work and without food and shelter.

Hadn't Worked For a Year.

One man had not worked for a year, while another had eaten only twice a week in six months of unemployment.

James Ferris, 25 years of age, an upstanding man who said he had served four years in the army, was called to the block on the steps of the Park Memorial bandstand. He stripped to the waist and while Ledoux directed, went thru the army calisthenics to show the extent of his muscular achievement. Bids were called for.

"This is one of the men that you used during the war. What will you do with him now? How much will you bid for this man's services for a week in order that he may have food and shelter?" the auctioneer asked. Bids were made, but when they were called those who had made them had slipped away. Ferris was then declared to be without a bidder.

A dog was brought to the block. He was knocked down for \$5 with the condition, accepted by the successful bidder, that he be returned to the "church of the unemployed" as its mascot.

Joseph Mitchell, a negro, was then called. His shoes were without soles and his clothing was ragged. Replying to Ledoux's questions he said he had been without food for days at a time in the six months he had been out of a job.

There was no bid for his services and the auctioneer called on the crowd to pledge him food and shelter for a week. Mrs. Annie Jackson responded and went the auctioneer one better by saying she would be responsible for Mitchell's sustenance for a second week if necessary. John Farley of Dorchester, wearing a G. A. R. button, added a dollar; another man promised a suit of clothes and a second man passed Ledoux a \$2 bill to "buy some beans for the boys."

William Davis, a boy of 19 years, out of a job for a year, was offered to the crowd as one willing to work. He said he had kept himself going for a time on \$300 that he had saved but had reached the end of his rope and was hungry yesterday. He was promised a home for a week by Mrs. J. H. Granninger and the man who promised the clothing to Mitchell gave \$2 to Davis.

With no bids for the three men set up, Ledoux suspended his auction, announcing that it would be repeated tomorrow.

GEOLOGY NOTES

At least 60 mountains in California rise more than 13,000 feet above sea level, but they stand amid a wealth of mountain scenery so rich and varied that they are not considered suf-

ficiently noteworthy to be named, according to the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior. Yet if any one of these unnamed mountain peaks were in the eastern part of the United States it would be visited annually by millions of people. But California has 70 additional mountain peaks more than 13,000 feet high that have been named, or 130 in all, as well as a dozen that rise above 14,000 feet.

High Mountains Of Montana.

Six named peaks in Montana have elevations exceeding 12,000 feet, and several unnamed peaks rise to greater heights, according to the United States Geological Survey. All these peaks are in the Beartooth National Forest, in Carbon County, in the south central part of the State. The highest of these is Granite Peak, 12,850 feet; the next highest is Mount Wood, 12,750 feet.

Study of Early Fossils.

The fossil shells of the early invertebrates, or spineless creatures, are of great importance to geologists for they indicate the geological period in which the rock beds containing them were formed—in other words, the age of the rock. Each fossiliferous rock bed contains characteristic forms or groups of forms that determine the period in which it was laid or sand. Former Director Powell, of the United States Geological Survey, once tersely explained to a congressional committee the value of paleontology by saying that it is "the geologist's clock," by which he tells the time in the world's history when any rock bed was formed.

The economic importance of paleontology has been repeatedly shown in this country. In the earlier exploitation of anthracite coal thousands of dollars were fruitlessly expended in New York in search of coal beds, until the New York geologists showed that the beds in that State could contain no coal. The fossils in the New York rocks exploited are of Devonian age, whereas the fossils of the Pennsylvania anthracite coal beds belong to the Carboniferous a much later period. This discovery at once stopped a useless expenditure of money.

In times of doubt and perplexity the geologist therefore turns to the paleontologist for light on the age and original order of the rock beds he is studying. The study of the animal and plant remains that are embedded in the rocks has thus become an important part of geological work, and although the specialists who are engaged in this study are few, their work is of high importance.

When you have an aching, stretchy feeling and you are dill-tired and discouraged it is a sign of approaching malaria or chills. You should act quickly to ward off an attack. Herbine offers you the help you need. It destroys the malarial germ, drives out all impurities and makes you feel bright, vigorous and cheerful. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

NOTICE

P. S. Lashbrook, et al., vs. Notice.

Stock Law Election in West Beaver Dam Voting Precinct, No. 14.

Pursuant to a judgment rendered by the Ohio County Court, at its regular September term, 1921, notice is hereby given that on Tuesday November 8th, 1921, same being the regular election day, a poll will be opened for the purpose of ascertaining the will of the legal voters residing in West Beaver Dam Voting Precinct, No. 14, upon the following question: "Are you in favor of making it unlawful for cattle or any species thereof to run at large upon the public highways and unenclosed lands of West Beaver Dam Voting Precinct, No. 14?"

Given under my hand; this 9th day of September, 1921.

W. C. BLANKENSHIP, P.
Clerk Ohio County Court

The Best Advertisement.

The best advertisement any merchant can have is a satisfied customer. No greater recommendation can be given an article than the following by E. B. Milburn, Prop., Gulon Drug Store, Gulon, Ark. "We have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for years and have always found that it gives perfect satisfaction."

A TRUE OPTIMIST

The two taxicabs met in a head-on collision, but when the rescuers reached him 'neath the tangled mass the lone passenger was grinning broadly.

"Look! Look!" he giggled, as they drew him out, "the darn meter is busted."

Herbine is the medicine that cures biliousness, malaria and constipation. The first dose makes you feel better, a few additional doses cures completely. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

625,000 BOTTLES SOLD IN NEW YORK

Biggest Thing Of Kind Ever Seen In That State, De- clares Big Wholesaler.

The fact that 625,000 bottles of Tanlac have been sold in the state of New York since its introduction there less than one year ago, is a big business item that will attract unusual attention thruout the entire East, for nothing like it has ever happened before. It breaks all records.

Mr. George B. Evans, manager of the Gibson-Snow Company, the well-known wholesale druggists, with branches in Albany, Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse, recently announced that the preparation was now selling in their trade territories alone at the phenomenal rate of approximately 500,000 bottles a year.

"If the present rate continues," said Mr. Evans, "this state alone will probably require considerably over 750,000 bottles a year. This is a tremendous figure, but I am really conservative in making this statement."

Tanlac is sold in Hartford by Dr. L. B. Bean and by all leading druggists everywhere.—Advertisement.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR OIL

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

I. S. Farris, Plaintiff.
vs. Notice of sale.
C. H. White, Defendant.

L. L. Embry, Plaintiff.
vs. Notice of sale.
C. H. White, Defendant.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale directed to me as Special Commissioner, Ohio Circuit Court, in the two above styled actions now pending in the Ohio Circuit Court and directing me to sell the hereinafter described property, first, for the purpose of paying the debt, interest and cost of the plaintiff, I. S. Farris, debt amounting to \$250.55 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the 1st day of March, 1921, until paid, Second, to pay the debt, interest and cost of the plaintiff, L. L. Embry, debt amounting to \$179.10 with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from March 3, 1921, until paid, and all cost of this sale, I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Kentucky, on Monday, October 3rd, 1921 (It being the first day of the regular term of the Ohio County Court) at about the hour of one o'clock P. M., upon a credit of six months, the following described real estate lying and being in Ohio County, Kentucky and described as follows:

No. 1—Beginning on a gum corner to the J. Y. Hudson survey; thence North 69 E. 51 poles to a white oak in the D. V. Daugherty line; thence with said line N. 3 W. 28 poles to a black oak and 3 white oaks; thence S. 87 W. 68 poles to a gum; thence N. 10 W. 62 poles to a gum and chestnut in the Brownsville road; thence W. 50 poles to a stone; thence S. 3 W. 12½ poles to a stone; thence S. 87 W. 6 poles to a stone; thence S. 24 E. 53 poles to a stone to a small black oak and white oak; thence S. 87 W. 12 poles to a stone on public road; thence S. 26 E. 100 poles to a stone; thence S. 12 E. 4 poles to a stone; thence S. 32 E. 38 poles to a stone; thence N. 71 E. 29 poles to a stone; thence N. 18½ poles to the beginning, excluding two small parcels that have been sold and deeded from the above survey but yet containing 76 acres, more or less.

No. 2. Beginning on a stone, White's corner to a three acre lot; thence W. 3 5-8 poles to a stone on east side of public road; thence with said road 36¼ poles to a stone; thence E. 10 5-8 poles to a stone in M. L. Daugherty's line; thence N. 25 W. 37 poles to a stone at beginning, containing one acre and 135 poles, more or less.

Being same land conveyed to Henry White by Otis White and Bettie White, his wife, by deed dated August 26, 1918, and of record in deed book 58, page 125, Ohio County Clerk's office, or a sufficiency thereof to pay the plaintiffs' debts, interest and costs.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond immediately after sale, with approved security, bearing interest at 6% per annum from date until paid, and a lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the payment of said bond. Said bond to have the force and effect of a judgment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1921.

S. A. BRATCHER, S. O. C. C.
Heavrin & Martin, Attys.

CALL ON US

For Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Sale Bills, Business and other Cards.

In fact, we are prepared to furnish you most anything you may desire in the way of Paper and Printed Matter.

**BLANK DEEDS, MORTGAGES,
&c., IN STOCK.**

If You have something to SELL or anything to ADVERTISE try an "ad" in THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN.

Hartford Printing Company

INCORPORATED

HARTFORD,

KENTUCKY

ORDERS OHIO COUNTY COURT REGULAR TERM SEPT. 5, 1921

Hon. Mack Cook, J. O. C. C. presiding. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that it is necessary to change the boundary lines of West Hartford Voting Precinct No. 2, of Ohio County, Ky., it is therefore ordered and adjudged by the court that the boundary line of West Hartford Voting Precinct be and it is hereby changed and established as follows:

Beginning at the corner of the East Beaver Dam, Rosine and East Hartford Voting Precincts, at or near Sandefur's crossing; thence with a line of East Hartford Voting Precinct and the Hartford and Morgantown road to the Hartford and Beaver Dam road at Lon Smith's; thence with said Hartford and Beaver Dam road and Clay St., to Washington St.; thence with Washington St., to Main St.; thence with Main St., and Hartford and Owensboro road to Hartford & Ross Ripple road; thence with said road to the line of Bada Voting precinct; thence to the N. E. corner of Centertown Precinct; thence with the lines of Centertown Voting precinct to the Rander Voting Precinct; thence with the line of same to the East Beaver Dam Voting Precinct; thence with the line of same to the beginning.

And it further ordered and adjudged by the court, that all of the legal voters residing within the above boundary be and they are entitled to vote in said precinct, and the voting place in said precinct shall be at Hartford, Ohio County, Ky.

MACK COOK, J. O. C. C.
A Copy Attest:
W. C. BLANKENSHIP, C. O. C. C.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR OIL

ORDERS OHIO COUNTY COURT REGULAR TERM SEPT 5, 1921

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that it is necessary to change the boundary line of North Hartford Voting Precinct, No. 36, of Ohio County, Ky., it is therefore ordered and adjudged by the court, that the boundary line of North Hartford Voting Precinct, No. 35 be and it is hereby changed and established as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at Bada Voting Precinct line; thence with Hartford & Ross Ripple road to the Hartford & Owensboro road; thence with said road and Main St., to Center St.; thence with Center St., to Clay St.; thence with said street, to Union St., and with Union St., to Griffin St., and with Griffin St., to colored Baptist

Church, thence with St. or Alley, to Hartford and Hardinsburg road; thence with said road to Sullenger's Mill road; and with same to Rough River, thence down said River to the N. E. Corner of Bada Voting Precinct; thence with line of Bada Voting Precinct to the beginning.

And it is further ordered and adjudged by the court, that all the legal voters residing in the above boundary, be and they are entitled to vote in said precinct, and the voting place in said precinct shall be at Hartford, Ohio County, Kentucky.

MACK COOK, J. O. C. C.
A Copy Attest:
W. C. BLANKENSHIP, C. O. C. C.

Swelling of the flesh caused by inflammation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying Ballard's Snow Liniment. It should be well rubbed in over the part affected. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 30c, 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

UNEMPLOYED CLASH ALL OVER ENGLAND

London, Sept. 8.—Demonstrations by unemployed were held in many places thruout England yesterday, and in several cities serious disorders were narrowly averted. An ugly spirit it was in evidence at Bristol, where a crowd attacked the building occupied by the board of guardians and clashed with the police. In the ensuing struggle banners were broken and a red flag was captured by the police. Finally, the gates before the building were opened and a large body of constables charged upon the crowd which was dispersed but the windows in a hundred shops were smashed by the manifestants.

Exciting scenes also were witnessed in Liverpool. After an encounter with the police, unemployed workers presented to the council a ten-minute ultimatum, threatening that at the expiration of that time they would not be responsible for the consequences. The lord mayor subsequently appeared and assured the leaders in the demonstration that a plan would be formulated for finding work.

One of the most notable demonstrations occurred in Wales, where 4,000 people marched across the mountains from Abertillery to Tredegar, a distance of 12 miles. A similar manifestation in Sunderland culminated in an attempt to force the gates of the workhouse. Failing in this, members of the crowd entered the Guar-

dians Building and it was necessary for the police to eject them.

For Torpids Liver

"Black-Draught is, in my opinion, the best liver medicine on the market," states Mrs. R. H. Whiteside, of Keota, Okla. She continues: "I had a pain in my chest after eating—tight, uncomfortable feeling—and this was very disagreeable and brought on headache. I was constipated and knew it was indigestion and inactive liver. I began the use of Black-Draught, night and morning, and it sure is splendid and certainly gives relief."

Thedford's BLACK- DRAUGHT

For over seventy years this purely vegetable preparation has been found beneficial by thousands of persons suffering from effects of a torpid, or slow-acting liver. Indigestion, biliousness, colic, coated tongue, dizziness, constipation, bitter taste, sleeplessness, lack of energy, pain in back, puffiness under the eyes—any or all of these symptoms often indicate that there is something the matter with your liver. You can't be too careful about the medicine you take. Be sure that the name, "Thedford's Black-Draught," is on the package. At all druggists.

Accept Only
the Genuine.

SCHOOLS ARE GOING IN ALL THE DISTRICTS

Higher Teachers' Salaries And Compulsatory Law.

The common schools are all in session and a large attendance is reported in all sections of the county. Higher salaries have stimulated the teachers to a livelier interest in their work and the compulsory school law is resulting in a larger attendance of pupils and, with all, school conditions are markedly improved.

Assuming that the readers of this paper will be interested in knowing where the various teachers are employed this year we are submitting an index, which was kindly furnished us by Superintendent Howard:

DeWitt Martin, Lawson; Marlissa Foster, Chalmers; John Tanner, Maxwell; Mrs. I. S. Mason, Holbrook; Pearl Sandefur, West Noe Creek; C. B. Shown, Noe Creek; Frank Miller, Bada; Dudley Westerfield, Alexandria; Edwin B. Mason, Sarvis Hill; Gertrude Funk, Taylor's; John Hamilton, Bells Run; Zoda Jolley, East View; Alton Watkins, Westerfield; Hatha Ford, Moseley; J. T. Hoagland, Washington; Mrs. Dona Henning, Clear Run; Florence Miller, Mt. Moriah; Evan Owen, Belmont; D. D. Moseley Greer, Susie Owen, Taylorfield; Emma Wright, Magan; Tom Hamilton, Burks; Mrs. Eva Hamilton, Denfield; Virgie May Burdette, Herbert; Henry Warner, Haynesville; Vera M. Corley, Washington (near Reynolds); Mrs. O. N. Stewart, Friendship; Ruth Mercer, Clarks; Jennie Willis, Highland; Ethel Muffett, Odell; Claude Fraize, Poplar Grove; Asa Chancellor, Oak Grove; Irene Odell, Trisler; Mrs. Hattie Grant, Pleasant Walk; J. B. Petty, Shreve; Morris Wedding, Oaks; Marshall Crow, Tanglewood; Fanny Paris, Basham; Stanley Phillips, Narrows; Mary Louise Renfrow, Hickory Grove; Eula Wooley, Beech Grove; Mrs. O. W. Duff, Dundee; M. T. Gentry, New Baymas; J. W. Kirk, Sunnydale; Mrs. Josephine Hoover, Palo; Lockie Austin, McGrady; Mrs. Louana Rowan, Cedar Grove; N. B. White, Olaton; Clara Wilson, White Oak; O. C. Daniel, Fair View; Mack Martin, Schroaders; Ozna Shultz, Concord; Imogene Plummer, Victory; Cliffie Austin, Edwards; Bradley Leach, Jeketts; Rhoda Whitehouse, Bennetts; Ono Rogers, Beech Valley; Otis Stevens, Sulphur Springs; Beulah Bratcher, Antioch; Jesse Byers, Arnold; Marion Embry, Cave Ridge; Katie Swihart, Baizetown; Hulbert Crowder, Select; Wems Park, Horse Branch; Mrs. Lon White, Horse Branch; Stanley Byers, New Oklahoma; Ira Jones, Leach; E. J. Bratcher,

Hopewell; Walter Myers, Salem; Lona Oiler, Rosine; L. L. Embry, Vine Hill; Nacy Crowder, Mt. Pleasant; Leora Wilson, Flint Springs; B. H. Morris, Renfrow; Bessie Allen, Rob Roy; Ray Cook, Excelsior; Emma Axton, Horton; Everett Liles, Old Union; L. S. Mason, principal, Alma Simpson and Lena Adams, assistants, Cromwell; Mrs. Ethel Royal, Union; Lois Hudson, Cooper; Sam Taylor, Prentiss; Mrs. Bessie Chick, S. Beaver Dam; C. K. Carson, Taylor Mines; N. L. Ross, Green Briar; Cesna Shultz, Shultztown; Roy Stewart, Independence; D. Robertson, Taylortown; Bessie Russell, Oakland; Pearl Davis, Jubilee; Carrie Southard, No. 19; Winnie Wilson, Goshen; F. L. Sandefur, Cool Springs; Dee Brown, Union Hill; Lessie Austin, Sulphur Springs, (near Beaver Dam); Nova Ross, Cave Ridge; Muriel Wilson, Central Grove; Cora Thompson, The Bend; Norine Coleman, High View; Loretta Westerfield, Echols; Margaret Cardwell, Union Grove; Ethel Russell, Ceralvo; O. T. Kittinger, Hickory Ridge; Eva Thomason, Rough River; Norma Ross, Walton's Creek; Dena May Carter, Upper Point; Kathleen Tichenor, Lower Point; Ree Iggleheart, Browns; Ruth Godsey, Bunker Hill; Anna Carter, Broadway; Mrs. Myrtle Calvert, Stony Point; Alice M. Faught, Midway; Mrs. N. B. White, Horse Branch; Mrs. Sophia Hatler, Rosine; Mrs. Annie Rose, Taylor Mines; Mrs. Iva Lee, Independence; Earnestine Ralph, Broadway.

Colored Teachers

R. D. Newton, Hayti; Mattie J. McCord, Beaver Dam; Mabel Rander, Taylor Mines; S. M. Taylor, McHenry; Mittie Rander, Rockport.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

GO ON PILGRIMAGE

The following K. P.'s attended lodge meeting at Central City Wednesday night: Messrs. John Allen Wilson, Noah Lee Rowe, Albert Rial, A. K. Anderson, S. T. Barnett, Fred Belcher and Judge John B. Wilson.

TAXES NOW DUE

Tax Bills for 1921 have been placed in my hands for collection. You are requested to call and settle so that we may both get the matter behind us. Early settlement will save trouble, don't neglect this matter. Pay now.

S. A. BRATCHER,
Sheriff Ohio Co.

Announcement

Mr. Edsel B. Ford, President of the Ford Motor Company, makes the following announcement:

"We are making another reduction in the prices of Ford cars and Ford trucks, effective today. The new prices average \$70.00 under former prices, and are lowest at which Ford cars and trucks have ever been sold.

List prices, F. O. B. Detroit, are now as follows:

	NEW PRICE	OLD PRICE	AMOUNT OF REDUCTION
Chassis	\$295	\$345	\$ 50
Runabouts	\$325	\$370	\$ 45
Touring Car	\$355	\$415	\$ 60
Truck	\$445	\$495	\$ 50
Coupe	\$595	\$695	\$100
Sedan	\$660	\$760	\$100

"This is the third price cut during the past twelve months. On September 22, 1920, the price of the Ford Touring Car was reduced from \$575 to \$440; June 7th to \$415, and now \$355, making total reductions of this type of \$220, or 38 per cent. The same proportionate reductions have been made in all other types. One year ago the price of the Ford Sedan was \$975; today it lists at \$660 with the same equipment.

"We are taking advantage of every known economy in the manufacture of our products in order that we may give them to the public at the lowest possible price, and by doing that, we feel that we are doing the one big thing that will help this country into more prosperous times. People are interested in prices, and are buying when prices are right.

"The Production of Ford cars and trucks for August again broke all previous high records with the totals reaching 117,696. This is the fourth consecutive month in which our output has gone over the hundred thousand mark, the total for the four months being 463,074, which has gone along way in making possible the present reductions. June this year, with an output of 117,247, was the previous record month.

One noteworthy feature of our sales is the increased demand for Ford trucks and cars for salesmen. This class of commercial business has been gradually increasing the past sixty days and we interpret it as a good sign of improvement in general business.

"No reduction has been made in the price of the Ford Tractor, and none is contemplated."

"Go over these new prices! See how little it costs to become the owner of a Ford Car or a Ford Truck. Can you really afford to do without one any longer?

Let us tell you more about it and advise you regarding the delivery of the particular type car in which you are interested.

Beaver Dam Auto Co.

Both Phones.

BEAVER DAM, KY.

FIFTH ANNUAL WORLD TOUR OF AMERICA'S SECOND LARGEST INDEPENDENT CIRCUS

RHODA-ROYAL BIG 3-Ring CIRCUS

Combined With

OKLAHOMA RANCH REAL WILD WEST

200 HORSES, COW BOYS,
Indians, Animal Actors,
Performing Elephants 200

150 HIPPODROME
AND ARENIC ACTS 150

30 FUNNY CLOWNS 30 3 BRASS BANDS 3

Giant Menagerie OF EARTH'S RARE WILD ANIMALS

CONGRESS OF FREAKS AND CURIOSITIES

LOW RATE RAIL EXCURSION FROM
EVERYWHERE

WILL EXHIBIT AT **BEAVER DAM**
ONE DAY ONLY

Monday, September 26.

Admission, Adults 60c; Children 30c. War Tax
Included. Exhibitions 2:00 P. M. and 8:00 P. M.

RHODA ROYAL CIRCUS will exhibit at FORDSVILLE
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28
Low rate excursions on both railroads.

BASEBALL BRIEFS

The Majestics very majestically triumphed over the mighty Potter at Leitchfield Sunday. Potter has been rated as the best semi-pro pitcher in Kentucky. The Majestics with Parrot on the mound made him turn tail and dive for his hole. Three hundred and ten loyal rosters accompanied the team to Leitchfield, it being necessary to add two extra cars on the train in order to accommodate them. The Majestics are going mighty good, they having won the last seven or eight games in a row.

Beaver Dam split up, reorganized and started winning ball games again. A change of blood was good for them. Cissel and Hurt are the man-

agers and all high moguls. Logansport suffered defeat twice last week end. The first game went to Beaver Dam by the score of 2 to 1. Cissel did the twirling and Glenn the receiving. The Sunday game at Hartford went to the Beavers by the score of 5 to 1. Westerfield twirled for Beaver Dam.

The Majestics go to Central City Sunday in an effort to gather in another victory.

Beaver Dam has played one game of a three game series with the fast Provo aggregation at Riverside Park. The two teams meet again this afternoon and again tomorrow.

The old Hartford boys have been

scraped together once again and they will give battle to the old Equality team at Riverside Park Sunday afternoon at three o'clock. Jimmie Glenn will do the twirling, "Twister" Bozarth will twirl, Eddie Duke will pastime at first, "Jodie" Crowe at second, "Lem" Crowe at short, "Pap" Williams will be snagging them at third, with Leach, Walker and Tinsley working in the outfield. The Equality lineup will probably include Ray, Withrow, Addington, Rowe, both the Every boys, Brown, Barnard, Rencer and Bray-Boy Tingcole. The Equality boys can expect a hard fight. The Riverside bunch have not been playing together and some of them have not played for several weeks, but they ought to put up a stiff fight and if the breaks go to

them, victory ought to be theirs.

The Central Grove sluggers will play the Beaver Dam second team this morning at 10 o'clock at Riverside Park.

Central Grove lost a double header Saturday. The first game was lost to Beaver Dam 5 to 3. The second was lost to Noe Creek 7 to 6. Both games were fast games and the fans were quick to pronounce them the best played this year, by the Central Grove boys.

WANTED—Man with car to sell low-priced, guaranteed VALLEY TIRES. \$125.00 per week and commission. VALLEY TIRE Co., Broadway, St. Joseph, Mich. 12t1p